

FORTIETH YEAR

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25

PRICE FIVE CENTS

WITNESSES TO
TALK BEHIND
CLOSED DOORSSenate Sub-committee to Take
Testimony in Miller Judg-
ship Case Friday

LOCAL WITNESSES LEAVE

E. A. Hughes, of Bismarck, and
Others go to Washington to
Appear in Fight

Washington, Jan. 25.—(By Associated Press)—At a meeting of the Senate Judiciary Sub-committee the nomination of Andrew Miller to be Federal Judge of North Dakota was called today for Friday, when witnesses will be heard behind closed doors on the additional charges brought by the clean court committee in opposition to his confirmation.

Chairman Cummins of the sub-committee stated that the hearing would be continued Saturday if necessary to dispose of all witnesses and to enable the sub-committee to report to the full judiciary committee Monday.

A favorable report was made by the sub-committee last Monday, but the full committee in view of the additional charges filed after the sub-committee had completed its investigation referred the sub-committee for further inquiries.

E. A. Hughes, of Bismarck, and other North Dakotans left Bismarck last night for Washington, D. C., in answer to telegraphic summons to testify in the matter of additional charges filed against the nomination of Andrew Miller, of Bismarck, nominated for federal judge. Among those called to Washington are M. M. Mounts, of Beulah, employed at the Beulah Coal company, Lee C. Pettibone, L. B. Hanna and Gunder Olson. It is understood that Gunder Olson man will go to Washington to testify.

Mr. Hughes, it is said, is bitterly opposed to the confirmation of Mr. Miller.

It is understood that it was on request of Miller adherents that former Governor Hanna and Gunder Olson, Republican national committee men, were summoned. The new charges deal with actions of Miller when Mr. Hanna was governor, and actions of Mr. Miller, who say they are ridiculous, expect the former governor to disprove them.

The telegraphic summons of Mr. Hughes was received last yesterday afternoon. He was to appear in the first of the armory cases here this week and U. L. Young, attorney, announced that request was made to have the case continued.

The additional charges, it is said, were filed in the full judiciary committee after the sub-committee had reported that the previous charges had been investigated and should be disregarded. The new charges, submitted by Ormsby McHarg and other opponents of Mr. Miller, alleged that Mr. Miller received stock in a land company while he was attorney-general and member of the board of equalization without payment.

Town sites along the N. P. on the Killdeer branch were acquired by the Tuttle Land company, it is stated. Mounts, according to the alleged charges, will testify that stock in this land company was given Mr. Miller without cash payment in return for which he was to, as a member of the board of equalization, which fixed assessments of railroads and public utilities, to keep down taxes of the railroad.

One charge claim that Gunder Olson, present United States Collector of Internal Revenue, joined in keeping the taxes down. He then was state treasurer. Mounts and Lee Pettibone is listed as being ready to testify in substantiation of Mounts' testimony.

Mr. Miller's friends assert that the continued fight is chiefly political, that the old charges grew out of political campaigns and have previously been discounted, and that a strong element in the fight is the effort to keep the federal court from being moved from Fargo to Bismarck. Friends of Francis Murphy, of Minot, have been very active in the last several days in urging his name for the appointment.

E. B. McCutcheon, of Minot, who has been active in the fight, left Bismarck last night for Washington after, it was understood, he consulted local people interested in the fight against Mr. Miller. McCutcheon, who was investigator for the house legislative committee last winter and has been active in state politics, is understood to be "investigator" for the Miller opposition.

It is reported new appeals have been made to President Harding to withdraw Mr. Miller's nomination.

WEATHER REPORT

For twenty-four hours ending at noon, Jan. 25.
Temperature at 7 a. m. -4
Highest yesterday -7
Lowest yesterday -16
Lowest last night -5
Precipitation None
Highest wind velocity 12-8

Weather Forecast

For Bismarck and vicinity: Fair tonight and probably Thursday; rising temperature.

For North Dakota: Fair tonight and probably Thursday; rising temperature.

Weather Conditions

The northwest low pressure area remains central over northern Alberta but has deepened and increased greatly in extent, covering the north-central states. High pressure areas cover the Rocky Mountain and Lake regions. The temperature has risen over the Mississippi Valley and has continued to rise over the Northwest.

ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
Meteorologist.

ONE OF THESE THREE CARDINALS
MAY SUCCEED POPE BENEDICT XV

PETER CARDINAL GASPARRI.

Cardinal Gasparri is papal secretary of state. He is an Italian, born May 5, 1852. He was made a cardinal in 1907.



VINCENT CARDINAL VANNUTELLI

Cardinal Vannutelli ranks high in the college of cardinals, but by some is considered too old to bear the burdens of the pontificate. He was born Dec. 5, 1836, and has been a cardinal since 1889.



RAPHAEL CARDINAL MERRY DEL VAL

Cardinal Merry Del Val is now at the vatican where he is discharging the pope's duties temporarily. He is of Spanish descent. He was born in 1865 and made a cardinal in 1903.

FUNERAL RITES
FOR POPE WILL
BE TOMORROWAttendance at Ceremonies is
Limited by the College
of Cardinals

CROWDS AT ST. PETER'S

Rome, Jan. 25.—(By the Associated Press)—The funeral of Pope Benedict will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, it was announced at the Vatican today.

The College of Cardinals further decided that the funeral ceremony should be attended only by Cardinals, members of the diplomatic corps and representatives of Roman aristocracy.

The body of the Pontiff will be placed in the sepulchre in the left lateral aisle of the basilica.

Despite the inclement weather today crowds continued to flock to St. Peter's, drawn largely by expectancy that the funeral would occur this afternoon as up to this morning it had been left indefinite whether the burial would occur today or tomorrow.

TARIFF LAW TO
BE ENACTED AT
THIS SESSIONRepublican Leaders Promise
Action on Bill Before
Adjournment

Washington, Jan. 25.—Assurance that the permanent tariff bill will be reported to the senate early in February and passed before the close of the present session was given to House Republican leaders by senate Republican leaders at a conference.

Agreement was reached at the conference that the proposed tariff bill should originate in the house. A house measure will be drafted at once by the Ways and Means Committee and probably reported in two weeks, it was said.

FIRST FARMERS'
INSTITUTE IS
WELL ATTENDED

The first farmers' institute held in the state, at Napoleon on Monday, was attended by 225 to 250 people, according to word received at the office of Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor Kitchen. There were four speakers at the institute—D. E. Willard, Miss Clara L. Larson, Dr. J. B. Hollenbeck and Robert F. Flint. The reports said that in spite of the extreme cold many farmers drove as far as 15 miles to the meeting. Many questions were asked, it was stated, and great interest was expressed in livestock and poultry, especially. Moving pictures were shown.

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30 PAID BODIES SEEKING TO
DISCREDIT PROHIBITION, CLAIM

New York, Jan. 25.—Asserting that only two per cent of the "vile stuff" being seized by prohibition agents is found to be free from poisonous fusel oil, Roy A. Haynes, National director of prohibition enforcement, told 500 New York pastors that he was "not surprised" at the number of post-holders' alcoholics under treatment in New York hospitals.

"Today it is dangerous to violate the law in the purchase of the stuff and it is especially dangerous to drink the stuff after it is purchased," Director Haynes said.

"When you hear a man talking loosely and flippantly about 'my bootlegger' he either has not thought seriously of the menace to law and order which the bootlegger represents, or he has not placed a proper valuation on the

sacredness and majesty of the law." Director Haynes insisted that prohibition is being more rigidly enforced, despite what he characterized as "an insidious, clever, unparliamentary, false wet propaganda, particularly in the large metropolitan centers, that has as its object the delusion of the American people into the belief that the prohibition law is a failure, that it is unpopular, that it is 'slipped over' on them, that it is not being enforced and that it cannot be enforced." He asserted there are 30 paid organizations in existence "striving night and day to bring about the repeal of the prohibition amendment."

The speaker called on the clergy to uphold him, saying that prohibition was sponsored by churchgoers and its enforcement should have their support.

GUMMER TRIAL
IS POSTPONED

Valley City, Jan. 25.—The trial of William Gummer, charged with the murder of Marie Wick, was again postponed today until 10 a. m. next Monday because of the continued illness of William C. Green, state's attorney of Cass county, prosecutor in the case.

SAYS RING OF
AUTO THIEVES
IS BROKEN UPU. S. District Attorney Believes
Big Catch Has Been Made
By Officers

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 25.—Expose of an organized band of automobile bandits working throughout the northwest, numbering 150, or more, with headquarters at Minot, N. D., will be made following the arrest of a man and woman in Plentywood, Mont., Col. M. A. Hildreth, United States district attorney for North Dakota declared yesterday.

The man, Cleo Bryant and woman, Gertrude Stoltz, were two of a quartet which E. E. Johnson, representative of the National Bureau of Automobile Manufacturers, has been trailing since last November from Wichita, Kan., to Nebraska, Minot and lastly to Montana where the two were arrested. Proceedings were instituted by Colonel Hildreth to return them to North Dakota and they arrived last night in the custody of a representative from the Montana U. S. marshal's office.

They will be charged with violation of the Mann act, the theft of three automobiles and transportation of same from one state to another.

Colonel Hildreth declares that a full confession has been obtained from one member of the party and that a thorough search will be made of the gang. This will be the beginning of wholesale arrests.

BONUS FIGHT
IS CONTINUEDTreasury Submits Statement As
To Its Opposition

Washington, Jan. 25.—Announcement was made by the Association of Disabled Veterans of the World War that they would hold a conference here from Feb. 1 to 3, "in an attempt to carry the fight for adequate government relief to the doors of the United States Veterans Bureau."

Congressional leaders preparing to carry out the administration to put through a soldiers' bonus bill were analyzing today the statement of the treasury for continued opposition to the bonus as transmitted in a letter from Secretary Mellon to the chairman.

ROOT PROPOSES
NEW AGREEMENT
TO HELP CHINAWould Require Consent of Chi-
nese Government to Rais-
ing Wireless Stations

Washington, Jan. 25.—(By the Associated Press)—Consent would have to be given by the Chinese government for the erection of wireless stations in China under a resolution presented to the Far Eastern committee of the Washington conference by Elihu Root, of the war department. The resolution after discussion was referred to a "filing committee with a view, it is understood, of consolidating it with other agreements that are reached on wireless communication in the Far East."

While the Far Eastern committee was engaged in consideration of the wireless resolution arrangements were completed for a meeting of the five-power naval committee of the conference. Whether the Pacific forfications—the uncompleted portion of the work of the naval committee—would be taken up was not ascertained. Other minor matters involved in the pact were understood to be ready for committee consideration.

COLORED MAJOR
SHOT PRIVATE,
IS TESTIMONYNegro on Witness Stand Says
Officer Shot Private for Re-
fusing to Cut Bread

Washington, Jan. 25.—Resuming its inquiry into charges of alleged illegal execution of American soldiers overseas the senate investigating committee was told today by Henry Gentry, negro, of Lawrence, Kan., that in France he saw Major Joseph Willis of Orange, N. J., a negro, shoot William Patterson, negro private, for refusing to help a cook out bread. Gentry, who testified while an ambulance waited outside the senate office building to take him to a hospital, said Patterson later died, according to general reports and that so far as he knew the negro major was not tried.

Hanging of a negro soldier at Bellville, France, was described by Col. James P. Barney, of the army war college, who said the court-martial was composed of seven negroes and five white officers.

JOHN KNAUFF
NOT CANDIDATENo Doubt About Positiveness of
His Declination

John Knauff, Jamestown lawyer, whose name has been mentioned as a possible candidate for congress in the Second District, doesn't entertain the suggestion kindly. Mr. Knauff very positively disposes of the rumor.

"I want to say that under no circumstances would I now be a candidate for the position and do not at this time wish to be considered as a candidate for that or any other political position now within the gift of the good people of the State of North Dakota," is the firm answer of Mr. Knauff.

PRE-WAR DOLLAR
GAINS STRENGTH

Chicago, Jan. 25.—The pre-war dollar is now worth 72 cents when spent for meats and 63 cents when spent for other foodstuffs according to a statement made public today by J. T. Russell, president of the National Association of Meat Canners. Eighteen months ago Mr. Russell said the pre-war dollar was worth 52 cents in the retail market, and a year ago 62 cents.

COMMITTEE TO
ASK CONGRESS
TO AID FARMERNorth Dakota Committee Plans
Representation to Push
Specific Legislation

WOULD INCREASE MARKET

Plan Contemplates Move to In-
crease Consumption of
Products of Farm Abroad

John P. Tucker, of Devils Lake, is in Bismarck today to further a movement launched by a number of prominent citizens of the state to raise a fund by popular subscription adequate to properly present the needs of the American farmer to the present session of Congress and to suggest some definite and concrete ideas in legislation to relieve the present situation. The movement originated in Devils Lake.

The principal idea back of the movement is that proper prices cannot be obtained for many farm products without a restoration of the foreign demand and plans for legislation which will result in the extension of foreign credit in farm products under the auspices of the federal government are being prepared by the men in charge of the movement.

The plan has been endorsed by many prominent North Dakota citizens among whom are Harrison Garnett, Joseph M. Kelly, J. D. Bacon, John G. Walstead, J. Nelson Kelly, John G. Gunderson, Hans Georgesen, E. Y. Saries, Arthur White, A. B. Jackson, George Dickinson, William Lamb and Walter Reid.

Farm Bureau Attitude.
The North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation has given its approval and offered its co-operation as is evidenced by the following telegram:

"Executive Committee of North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation considers that your revised plan is in line with the policy adopted by State Farm Bureau Federation and will co-operate in endeavor to make same effective."

The Farm Bureau has also issued the following statement through its secretary with reference to this movement:

"Every one seems to realize the fact that agriculture must be assisted back to normal and many people, including agencies of the government are giving the matter great attention and study and many plans are being prepared. Most of the suggestions and all of the activities so far appearing, seem to be for the purpose of furnishing credit to farmers, but it is not a fundamental need. The fundamental need is a market for farm products which will bring to the farmer a profit over and above the cost of production, a market which will enable him to pay his debts rather than artificially aid to assist him in creating new ones.

For such products as are raised in a quantity greater than can be consumed at home, a profitable market can only come by broadening the foreign demand. Some of the prominent citizens of our states among whom are such men as Harrison Garnett, Joseph M. Kelly, J. D. Bacon, John G. Gunderson, Hans Georgesen, E. Y. Saries, Arthur White, A. B. Jackson, George Dickinson, Wm. Lamb and Walter Reid, have realized this basic need and have expressed their interest in a proper presentation of this situation to Congress with a view toward the establishment of some governmental agency to assist in financing the foreign demand for certain agricultural products. With this plan the North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation is in full accord. It heartily endorses this movement for putting before Congress the farmers need in the way of an increased foreign market, the principles of better rural credits, the extension of credit abroad for the purpose of selling surplus American farm products and the needs in the way of adequate tariff protection for American farm products when necessary.

The North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation will join earnestly in this movement to properly present these matters to Congress. Signed N. D. Farm Bureau Fed. By H. B. Fuller, Sec'y.

Kelly Is Treasurer.
Joseph M. Kelly, of Devils Lake, North Dakota, known for his farming interests and who is president of the Farmers' railroad, is acting as treasurer of the fund and checks for all contributions should be made payable to him.

Hans Georgesen, president of the Farm Bureau, is in Washington attending the agricultural conference, where he will learn what ideas are being suggested at the meeting in order that the North Dakota committee will get the benefit of these ideas in forming definite propositions for presentation to Congress.

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NOTED FINANCE
FIGURE DIESNonpartisan League Chairman
Takes up Matter

Fargo, Jan. 25.—A. A. Liederbach of the Nonpartisan league has sent telegrams to Secretary of Agriculture Henry Wallace, all North Dakota United States Senators and Congressmen and to Governor R. A. Nestos urging that congress fix a price on wheat of \$2.20 a bushel.

Various farm organizations have urged a minimum price on wheat be fixed at from \$2.00 to \$2.50 a bushel. Among the organizations adopting resolutions to this effect was the Tri-State Grain Growers.

McANENY IS VICE PRESIDENT.
Sherwood, N. D., Jan. 25.—F. B. McAneny, until recently a state bank examiner, is the new vice-president of the Farmers and Merchants State bank of this village. Other officers re-elected were Ed McCarroll, president, and Perry Brown, cashier.

SECRETARIES
OF COMMERCIAL
BODIES TO MEET

The North Dakota Federation of Commercial organizations will hold a annual meeting in Fargo January 1 at which various problems will be discussed, including alleged discrimination in freight rates and the immigration problem of North Dakota. Stronger cooperation between city and farm organizations also will be discussed. G. N. Keniston, of Bismarck, president of the association, expects that there will be a large representation at the meeting. He will advocate two slogans: "Every farm a factory," and "a bonafide settler on every tracter section of land in North Dakota."

WOULD REMOVE
PRESENT LIMIT
ON FARM LOANSNestos, Johnson and Kitchen
Want to Provide for Con-
tinuing Farm LoansLAW WILL BE DRAFTED
Proposal is That Initiated Law
or Legislative Enactment
Remove Limit

The state industrial commission, composed of Governor Nestos, Attorney General Johnson and Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor Kitchen, have come to the conclusion that provision ought to be made for the issuance of farm loans in greater amount than is provided in the \$10,000,000 statutory limit.

Steps to remove the limit are to be taken by the administration. Draft measure to provide for removal of the limit is now in the process of completion.

The proposed new law would either be initiated next June or submitted to the next legislature, unless there should be a decision reached to remodel the entire process of making farm loans. The industrial commission all propose that the present limit of 10,000,000 be removed, Governor Nestos officially stated. They will propose authority for issuance of rural credit bonds and making of loans without limit, but with a strict provision that no loan may be made in excess of 50 per cent of the value of the land.

Rush of Applications.

The rush of applications now before the farm loan department has hastened the decision to prepare for action which it is held may be necessary. About \$3,000,000 in loans have been issued, so that under the law at present \$7,000,000 additional loans may be made. The farm loan department machinery is in operation and will expected delivery of bonds in February. Loans will be made rapidly. It is the view of Governor Nestos, Attorney General Johnson and Commissioner Kitchen that the department may have loaned the entire amount permitted by statute before the next session of the legislature. The system then built up, they hold, would have to be disrupted and there would be additional cost in instituting it again. For that reason it may be decided to submit the matter to the voters next June.

Farm loan applications since the department of the Bank of North Dakota was established have considerably exceeded \$10,000,000; and at the rate they now are coming it probably will exceed that figure under the new administration and new system.

The proposed new law would contain all the essential safeguards to make the department self-sustaining, and prevent loss which would have to be made up out of the taxpayers' pockets.

NEGRO PLAYERS
ARE BEATEN

Miami, Fla., Jan. 25.—Six members of the "Chowdell's Whistening Orchestra," of Columbus, Ohio (negroes), which has been playing at a local hotel were taken to the outskirts of the city early today and severely beaten by a mob of 75 men and told to leave within 24 hours.

ASK PRICE ON
WHEAT BE FIXEDNonpartisan League Chairman
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MARKETING BY
CO-OP PLAN IS
TOLD DELEGATESCalifornia Says that Prosperity
Has Been Given in Face
of Depression

CONDEMN RAILROAD ACT

Sub-committee Votes For Repeal
of Guaranty Clause of Each
Cummins Act

URGENT CO-OP. MARKETING.
Washington, Jan. 25.—Participation in the economic rehabilitation of Europe, extension of credit to foreign buyers through the federal reserve system and perfection of the cooperative marketing idea were among remedies recommended today for the agricultural depression by speakers. They were of unanimous opinion that a sound marketing policy was as essential as regulations regarding production.

Washington, Jan. 25.—(By the A. P.)—America's agriculture as a whole is profiting by a study of the plan that has contributed to the welfare of California in the face of severe business depression, G. Towell, general manager of the California Fruit Growers Exchange, declared today before the National Agriculture Conference. Mr. Towell declared that success of co-operating of marketing depends upon the will of the farmer to cooperate and on the development of a spirit of mutual confidence and trust between the farmer and the consumer.

Cooperative organizations should be composed exclusively of farmers and managed by farmers with the benefit returned to each member by his patronage of the organization. He advocated payment of only a fair rate of interest on capital stock and that voting power be distributed on the "one man, one vote principle."

Urges Canal.
Recommendation for the construction of the St. Lawrence-Great Lakes waterway project was voted by the subcommittee on waterways transportation and the general transportation committee.

Recommendation for the repeal of the commonly known guarantee act of the transportation act and return to "at cost" commissions of control of "strategic" rates was voted by the transportation committee on rail transportation. The vote on the repeal of the guaranty clause was 12 to 1 and on the return of state railways was 11 to 6.

Signs of Difference.
Some signs of differences in the conference appeared after the defeat of a motion by J. S. Wannamaker, of South Carolina, for appointment of a "committee on resolutions. This motion was defeated on the ground that the committees already appointed were expected to consider resolutions.

Mr. Wannamaker issued a formal statement later, attacking the conference and declaring "that the farmers and farm leaders have to do in this conference is to shake hands with the President, meet some official dignitaries, partake of a little ice cream and cake and then go home."

"Selection of committees has been made in such a manner," Mr. Wannamaker said, as to suggest that those responsible for such services are either totally ignorant of the qualifications of the delegates or have lent themselves to a cut and dried and well-baked scheme to prevent the forward looking farmer representatives from bringing any good whatever from out of the conference."

Charges "Interior Motive."
He was "confident," he continued, that it was "the purpose of those responsible for the conference to destroy the farm bloc."

"The President's address in opening the conference," he continued "indicated very clearly that such was the purpose."

The purpose, he said, was to provide in many cases for distributing the subjects before them to subcommittees. Probably one question in which the delegates as a whole are interested is that of commodity financing. One member of the committee on agricultural credit and insurance, which have this subject under consideration, suggested that a plan probably could be worked out to provide for commodity loans running from six months to three years. His proposition would provide for the warehousing, grading and inspection of commodities, endorsement of commodity paper presented by farmers by their local banks and the handling of his paper through the federal farm loan system which would either discount the loans in the form of certificates of indebtedness to be sold upon the open market.

NEGRO WALKS
OUT OF PRISON

William Small, a negro prisoner at the penitentiary, left the penitentiary yesterday afternoon, came downtown, sought a job and wandered around until picked up by the police. Small, who was regarded as harmless, was allowed to go out of the prison, it is said and did not return until a search was instituted and he was picked up.

INCREASED RATIONS

Fort Yates, N. D., Jan. 25.—E. D. Mossman, superintendent of the Standing Rock Indian reservation, has been authorized by the government to double the rations issued to old and infirm Indians on the reservation, or to increase them to amounts deemed necessary to their needs. The action was taken pursuant to Mr. Mossman's request for such authorization.

CARDINAL DE CABRIERES A GREAT BISHOP

Gave Shelter To Thousands of Vineyard Workers In Wine Riots of 1907

Paris, Jan. 21.—Cardinal de Cabrieres, bishop of Montpellier, was dead recently at the age of 91, was France's unofficial but effective enforcer of the Vatican during the World War. President Millerand referred to him as not only a great bishop but a great patriot.

He never yielded an inch of the rights which he believed belonged to his church. When the law separating the church and state in France went into effect, he went to the prefecture and solemnly excommunicated the prefect. But when the war began he placed himself at the prefect's disposal.

In the wine riots of 1907, which have been characterized as a revolution rather than a riot, the Cardinal gave thousands of vineyard workers shelter in his cathedral and ordered his clergy to do the same with their churches. It is more than possible that his action saved the city from being sacked.

A country vicar who received the Cardinal during the war scoured the country to find the finest chicken to honor his visitor and ordered his cook to show herself worthy of the occasion. "Fit for a king," said the Cardinal when the chicken appeared on the table, "but you have forgotten that today is a meatless day, by order of the government. Decrees should be respected."

CONFLICTING INTERESTS IN DANZIG

Created a Free City By Treaty of Versailles Is Becoming Internationalized

Danzig, Jan. 21.—This old German port of the Baltic, created a free city by the Treaty of Versailles in order to give the Poles access to the sea, is becoming internationalized and a center of conflicting interests.

One of Danzig's largest stores advertise that nine languages are spoken by its clerks, and the colors of England, France, Poland, Italy, Sweden, Lithuania, Spain, Norway and Denmark greet visitors at the main entrance.

It is seldom that the Poles and the Danzigers agree on anything and on this account the League of Nations has a High Commissioner, General Haking, an English army officer, on the ground to settle disputes when possible. The Danzigers always contend the Poles want too much and the Poles say the Danzigers continually are trying to give them the worst of it.

General Haking says relations between the two are really improving and that in the long run the Poles will have all that is due them by international agreement, that the business and life of some 300,000 Danzigers will go on about as usual, and that Danzig will prosper in future as a free city just as the framers of the Treaty of Versailles intended.

But the great change in the life of Danzig during the last year and a half has not been without resentment. Recently the Danzigers have been openly opposing the influx of the Poles on the contention that unless restrictions

are enforced Polish workmen will soon force thousands of German laborers out of their posts.

Thousand of Poles have already come to Danzig for the purpose of connection with German industry by means of a railway and agreement between Poland and Germany that Danzig will be a free city.

BEN LINDSEY'S WIFE REAL BENEFACTOR TO GIRLS



MRS. BEN LINDSEY

BY ALICE ROHE.
New York, Jan. 21.—Enter madame. Young, beautiful, golden hair, big blue eyes, long curling lashes, pink and white complexion, cupid's bow mouth, perfect teeth, a nose that would make even Phidias rave—Madame speaks and lo—from her lips pour words of wisdom.

We stare—in astonishment—What! A perfect woman who combines beauty and brains? We ask this radiant creature, who is Mrs. Ben B. Lindsey, wife of the famous judge of the Denver Juvenile Court—"How come?"

She replies: "Honestly, I don't see who started that theory that a woman has to be a fright if she has good sense, or a low-grade moron if she is at all attractive. How can a face be beautiful unless it reflects mentality?"

She is modest. "If your fairy grandmother had not given you both gifts, which would you have chosen, beauty or brains?" I asked.

"I refuse to be so conceited as to even pretend I am either beautiful or brainy."

And then Mrs. Lindsey talked about her work.

"When girls come to me with their confidences I know it is because they read understanding in my face."

Of course all of Judge Lindsey's friends know the important part his wife—formerly Henrietta Brevoort of Detroit—has played in his life.

In Charge of Girls.

"I am his secretary and I have charge of the girls' work," Mrs. Lindsey explained. "Naturally I try to conserve the judge's strength and time by arranging his appointments. I did study to be an interior decorator—yes—I have decorated the old Lindsey home after converting it into apartments. You see, we needed the money."

"The court is my life" And now that the work for boys is a universally accepted fact, the girls' work is important.

"The key to the future seems to me to lie in the judge's new method—recognizing three ages in every girl—the biological, psychological and chronological."

"Many a girl who is a court case could have been saved if her parents had recognized these different ages. We have so many cases of girls who are chronologically 14, but who are biologically 20 and psychologically 10."

"These are the girls offered up through ignorance not only as victims but as temptations of society."

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"These are the girls offered up through ignorance not only as victims but as temptations of society."

The Emporium Department Store 116 5th Street, Bismarck.



Closing out our Men's and Boys' Department that we will specialize on Ladies' and Children's wear. We will at once dispose of all Men's and Boys' Goods at Tremendous Reductions. Every article in these lines MUST GO AT ONCE

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| Men's Dress Pants
Regular values up to \$13.00. Closing out prices \$2.98 \$4.50 \$6.98 | Men's Heavy Sweaters
Value \$2.50. Selling price \$1.48 | Men's Collars
All sizes, 25c values, only 19c |
| Union Made Overalls
Values to \$2.50. Sale prices 98c, \$1.48 | Full line of men's Spring and Summer underwear at 20% discount. | Men's Suits
Values up to \$45.50. Now... \$19.50, \$22, \$29 |
| Men's Heavy Shirts
Cheap at \$1.25. Selling price 69c | Men's Dress Shoes
Values to \$9.50. Closing out at... \$4.98, \$5.48, \$5.98 | Boys' Suits
Values up to \$18.00. Closing out prices..... \$5.48, \$6.50, \$9.48 |
| Men's Unionalls
Extra sizes. Values to \$4.50. Now..... \$2.48 to \$2.98 | Men's Heavy Work Shoes
Always sold for up to \$6.50. To close out \$2.98, \$3.48, \$3.98 | Full line Ladies', Boys', Children's and Men's Shoes 20% off. |
| Men's Heavy Wool Underwear
Values up to \$9.50. Now selling at... \$3.48, \$4.98, \$5.48 | Men's Dress Shirts
Very specially priced at... 98c, \$1.25, \$1.78 | Men's and Women's storm and rain coats, 20% off. |
| Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear
Cheap at \$2.50. Selling out prices. 98c, \$1.25, \$1.48 | Men's Dress Caps
Values up to \$3.50. 98c, \$1.48, \$1.98 | Ladies' Aprons
Values \$1.50. Now..... 88c and 98c |
| | Men's Extra Neckties
Special values 49c and 98c | German Calico
Value 25c yard. Special, yard 12c |
| | | Gingham—28 Inch
Value 30c yard. Now... 16c |

Sale Starts Wed. the 25th. Come Early for Choice Selections.

EMPORIUM DEPARTMENT STORE

Mail Orders Filled. 116 5th St., Bismarck, N. D.

WHY YOU NEED IRON

To make you strong and "brave" and put the power into your blood to overcome disease germs

The food you eat contains carbon. When your food is digested it is absorbed from the intestines into the blood. When the carbon in your food comes in contact with the oxygen carried by the iron in your blood, the carbon and oxygen unite and by so doing they give off tremendous energy, strength, and endurance.

Without iron your blood carries no oxygen and without oxygen there is nothing to unite with the carbon in your food, so that what you eat does you no good—you do not get any strength from it—it is like putting coal into a stove without a fire. You cannot get any heat unless the coal unites with the fire.

The strongest weapon with which to prevent and overcome colds, pneumonia, kidney trouble, rheumatism, nervous prostration, in fact almost any disease or disorder, is plenty of good rich, pure blood, strength, energy and endurance and the greatest energy carrier in the body is organic iron. Not metallic iron which people usually take, but organic iron like the iron in spinach, lentils and apples, and like the iron contained in what is known as organic Nuxated Iron, which may be had from almost any druggist. Nuxated Iron often increases the strength, energy and endurance of weak, nervous, run-down folks in two weeks' time.

It is also used and highly recommended by former United States Senator Meritt of Congress. Judges of the many phylaxians and phylaxians.

HAWAII TOILERS WOULD COMBINE THEIR FORCES

Honolulu, T. H., January 21.—Workers of all races in Hawaii are considering an international organization among the rank and file to be known as the United Workers of Hawaii, with the aim of readjusting the trade unions in Hawaii and building up an industrial form of organization that will unite in one body all the wage workers without discrimination as to sex, race, creed, craft or color, and gaining a direct voice in the management of industry, according to the preamble to the constitution being voted on by the various bodies.

"We believe that labor is entitled to a voice in the management of industry and has a right to determine the conditions under which it shall function, to the end that it shall receive the full value of what it produces," the preamble continues. "We desire to cooperate to the fullest extent with the various national and international trade unions and with the American Federation of Labor, but we call attention to the fact that conditions in Hawaii are different from those on the mainland or in any other country, and we insist that we are the best judges of our own needs and of the tactics to be followed to secure the ends we have in view."

The objects of the organization are stated as:

"To bring within the folds of one central organization all human beings who are engaged in the necessary work of society."

"To bring about class-consciousness, and solidarity among the workers."

"To educate the workers in the need for economic independence and the tactics to be followed to secure the ends we have in view."

"To go on for the betterment of the race."

FINE DISTRICTS IN ATTEMPT TO STOP RIOTING

Then Raid Towns and Villages In Jaffa District To Collect The Fines

Jaffa, Palestine Jan. 21.—The government forces in this district are attempting to stop rioting here by imposing fines on the inhabitants of the communities which participate in them and following this up with raids upon the towns and villages in the Jaffa district to collect the fines.

The experiment is an unusual one and its success up to the present, is not evident. The Zionists are jubilant and see in this action a definite alignment of the government on their side. On the other hand, it has stirred up bitter feelings on the part of the natives who see in the government's action the beginning of Jewish domination and the betrayal of their passionate longing for national freedom.

A fine amounting to \$25,000 was imposed by the government on five towns and villages in the Jaffa district for alleged attacks made last May by their inhabitants upon Jewish colonies nearby. To collect the fine large bodies of English, Jewish and Hindu troops, having machine guns surrounded Jaffa, sent in men and confiscated all the live-stock including the oxen, led the animals into the fields and placed them under guard.

Then notices signed by Sir Herbert Samuel, the British High Commissioner, were posted in the streets demanding payment of the fines.

Mr. Campbell, assistant governor of the district, called the leading citizens together in the city square of Jaffa and informed them that the cattle would be kept under guard for only five days and if the fines had not been paid by that time they would be sold at auction and the proceeds turned over to the Jews who were victims of the raids. It remains yet to be determined whether the fines will be paid. The seizure of the cattle deprived the farmers of means of plowing their fields and it is feared that this may lead to more unrest.

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TAXI RATES DOWN

57 57 57

One Passenger 25c
Each Additional Passenger 10c

CLOSED HEATED CARS
EXPERIENCED DRIVERS
Prompt Night and Day Service.

Rohrer Taxi Line

57 PHONE 57

We Pay Cash

5 cents a Pound for frozen Hides, or
6 cents a Pound In Trade.
17 cents a Pound Cash for Wool
OR
18 cents a Pound In Trade.

South Side Grocery

The Brick Building Across From Standard Oil Co.
SAM SLOVEN, Proprietor.
Bismarck.

PALESTINE WOMEN ARE WAKING UP

Women Are Not Only Demanding But Are Receiving Equal Rights In The Home

Haifa, Palestine, Jan. 25.—The movement for the emancipation of the women of Palestine from their social yoke has just received a new impetus by an exhibition of women's handicraft held here, with results far greater than any hoped for by its most ardent supporters.

The idea of woman in industry is a new one in this land. Before the great war women were considered a burden. Her place was the tail like home from the confinement of which she would dare leave only by special permission from her lord and master, the husband. This was especially true among the more ignorant of the Mohammedans who believed that women had neither brains nor soul and must be treated as an animal. The fact that she was bought and sold in the slave market for love added great strength to that belief.

Today all this is changed. Women are not only demanding but are also receiving equal rights in the home. To the utter consternation of men, they have thrown to the winds custom and tradition and have embarked upon a new life. A few years ago they have definitely entered industry and as a result relieved in part of the economic dependence which kept them subjugated for centuries.

The exhibition which was the first of its kind in Palestine was opened by the high commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel, in the course of his speech he praised the women of Palestine for the part they are playing in the rebuilding of the country.

The exhibits which were all hand-made, consisted chiefly of pottery, lace and embroidery. Basket making was perhaps the most interesting of all articles on display.

It is believed that with proper advertising, markets could be found and a great demand created for some of the things which the country women in Palestine are capable of making.

POTATO MARKET PROBLEM UP

Representatives of Growers in Northwest Part of State to Meet

Minot, Jan. 25.—Business men and farmers who are interested in potato production and marketing in northwestern North Dakota have been asked to attend a conference to be held in Minot Tuesday, February 7, at 1:30 p. m. in the Minot Association of Commerce rooms.

The meeting has been called for the purpose of planning concerted action toward securing better marketing facilities and also to discuss ways and means of financing and operating potato warehouses in various towns and cities of this section.

Between 15 and 20 towns in northwestern North Dakota are contemplating the erection of warehouses and in each instance business men and farmers are working together on the project. The Minot Association of Commerce decided to hold the conference February 7 so as to enable representatives from these towns to exchange views and organize a master organization to coordinate the efforts of the various potato growers and marketing associations in combating marketing problems. It is believed possible that a potato market can be established in Minot if efforts to that end are directed along the proper channels.

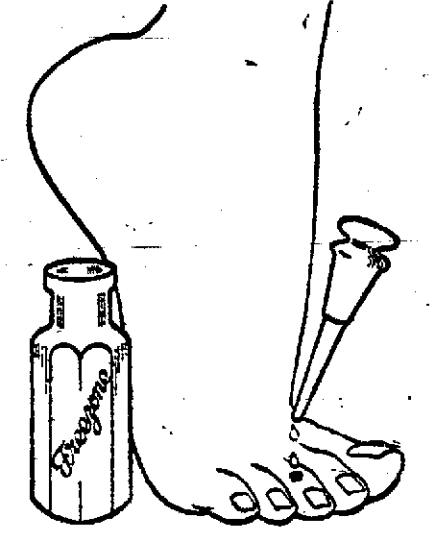
OVERDRAFTS NOW SHOWN IN BANK'S REPORT

An additional liability of \$15,615.29 of the defunct Scandinavian-American Bank of Fargo to the Bank of North Dakota has been discovered by auditors in the bank, it was learned today.

The amount is an overdraft on the reserve account of the Fargo bank. An overdraft of the reserve account of the Prosper State Bank of \$9,872.47 also has been discovered.

CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

IRENE ADOPTS A TURTLE



Irene Castle has just adopted a 700-year-old turtle, resident of the Bronx Zoo, New York. Photo shows the turtle teaching her the steps of the "Turtle Trot," which she may introduce to the stage.

BRIEF DEFENSE OF GUMMER IN MURDER TRIAL BEING PREDICTED

Lawyer for Defense Says that Not More than Six or Seven Witnesses will be Put on Stand in Effort to Clear Him of Crime of Murder of Marie Wick

Valley City, Jan. 25.—Defense of William Gummer, charged with the brutal murder of Marie Wick, will be brief, according to present plans of his lawyers.

The defense will hold that the state's chain of circumstantial evidence is not sufficient to show Gummer committed the murder, and its evidence will be directed, it is expected, toward breaking down what it considers the weak and improbable points in the state's chain.

Judge Barnett, of defense counsel, says that Gummer will have not more than six or seven witnesses. He is not willing to say whether or not Gummer will go on the stand himself and face the battery of state lawyers who would turn their verbal guns on him during cross-examination. Gummer cannot be compelled to testify.

has his place, to which he goes every morning.

The father shows emotion almost every time some detail of the horrible crime is unfolded. He sits almost constantly with his hands shielding his eyes. Mr. Wick is unassuming, a man about 50 years old, who is only anxious, he says, that the right man be found, that he be imprisoned for the crime that bereft him and his family of their daughter upon the occasion of that first vacation trip she had planned so eagerly, and which terminated in her becoming the victim of a murder probably without parallel in the history of the northwest.

Mr. Gummer, the father of the accused man, is standing by his son in the hope that he will be able to clear himself of the charge. The father, however, has declared himself anxious that the man responsible for the crime be apprehended.

The court room has been filled to capacity constantly since the introduction of evidence was begun. Judge Cooley abandoned his earlier intention of limiting the attendance to those who could obtain seats only and has permitted the use of a large number of additional chairs and a large number of persons standing along all of the available wall space is being used by persons standing up. Up to the court room are also permitted to be open and the crowd stands well back into the corridor.

Persons seeking admission to the court room arrive at the court house as early as 6 and 7 A. M. and remain there throughout the day. They bring a lunch and hold down their seats during the noon recess of two hours. When court recesses at 12, which is the usual hour, a few of those attending the trial leave but the big bulk of those who have seats retain them.

Gummer's Parents There.

Mr. and Mrs. Gummer and several of their friends have been given places in the court room in the front row of seats, directly behind the rail alongside of which their son sits. They have had this place constantly since the trial began on from the time when Mrs. Gummer arrived, the day after the testimony was commenced. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gummer follow the evidence closely.

Hans Wick, father of the murdered girl, has a place inside the rail on the opposite side of the room from that occupied by the jury. There is a double set of chairs for the accommodation of the jurors in the court room and the north set of chairs is given over to witnesses and other auditors and by consent, Mr. Wick.

There were several overdrafts in the individual depositors' accounts amounting to about \$100.00. While the amount is small it is held very unusual that the bank did not show these in its statement, as is customary with banks.

The overdrafts of banks on their reserve accounts carried with the Bank of North Dakota total \$34,825.29, most of the overdrafts being in closed banks. These were not carried as overdrafts in the public report but, it is understood, as due from other banks.

The method of carrying these items so that they might be concealed will be discontinued by Manager C. R. Green, it is understood.

UNDERWOOD AND LIGHT CO. AGREE

Differences between the village of Underwood and the receiver for the Central Power Company, of Washburn, have been settled, the railroad commission has been advised. The case originated when the receiver asked for authority to dismantle the street lights. The village trustees replied that effort had been made to raise the charges for lights. A compromise was effected, whereby the village will pay \$50 for street lights and turn them on and off.

Dance at Baker's Hall every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights. Best music and floor in state. 10c a dance.

Clifford's Skating Rink is open. 10c in the afternoon and evening. Free on Sunday.

The only evidence of nervousness is found in the way he holds his hands. Frequently he will clasp his hands tight together, crossing the fingers in a very unusual grip. Sometimes too, he loses his color, growing very pale while particularly gruesome features of the case are being related by witnesses.

When Mrs. Van Vorst was describing the noises she heard that fateful night and which noises the state will maintain were made at the time of the first assault upon the girl, Gummer was noticeably affected, clenching his hands tightly, but showing no other sign of losing his composure.

VACANCY AT WEST POINT IS OFFERED

Senator E. F. Ladd has dispatched the following notice to North Dakota newspapers:

"The Adjutant General's office of the War Department has notified Senator E. F. Ladd that there is a vacancy in the United States Military Academy at West Point because of the retirement of one of the candidates appointed from North Dakota. Therefore the state is entitled to the appointment of a candidate at large who must report for examination on the first Tuesday in March, 1922, and if successful will be admitted to the Academy on the first day of July.

"The young man must be not over 17 nor over 22 years of age at the date of admission and not less than 5 feet 4 inches in height. The candidate must of course be a graduate of a recognized high school of good standing, and in perfect physical condition in order to secure admission.

"If there are those who desire to apply, Senator Ladd will be glad to have them write him care of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C."

LUTHERANS TO DICKINSON.

Dickinson, N. D., Jan. 25.—More than 100 young people from churches along the main line and Mandan-Killdeer branch of the Northern Pacific are expected to attend the 1922 convention of the Mandan circuit of the Lutheran league which will be held here June 16-18, decision as to the date having just been made by the executive committee.

OPPERMAN IS HELD NOT GUILTY

Henry Opperman was found not guilty by a jury in district court which reached a verdict after being out about five hours. Opperman having been tried on a statutory charge. The complaining witness was a boy, Lincoln Harford. Opperman was defended by O'Hare and Cox.

The trial of Wesley Gandy, charged with carrying concealed weapons, followed. Mrs. Jack Gierling was complaining witness. Gandy was found not guilty. Gandy was represented by Scott Cameron.

U. S. DRY AGENTS MAKE BIG HAULS

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 25.—Distilled liquor and mash valued at between \$3,000 and \$4,000 and about ten stills and distilling apparatus were seized by federal prohibition enforcement agents cooperating with state and county authorities in a series of raids in North Dakota during the first two weeks of January, according to Lane Moloney, field division head of the prohibition enforcement forces in the state.

The liquor confiscated Moloney said, consisted of 75 gallons of the finished product and sufficient mash to distill 250 gallons more. At the prevailing bootleg prices, he said, it probably would bring between three and four thousand dollars.

The raids were conducted by Moloney, assisted by the sheriffs of the various counties and state and local officers at Dickinson, Sheldon, Dickey, Williston, Oakes, Minnewaukan, Hanks, Tickle and Spring Brook.

Fifteen men, who were charged with having liquor in their possession or with manufacturing whiskey or beer, fell into the federal agents' hands during the period.

Hanna Is Buyer of Hail Warrants

Purchase of hail warrants by W. F. Reko, former Governor L. B. Hanna, continued today.

When the state administration announced that a prominent North Dakota financier had agreed to purchase \$200,000 of hail warrants at 97 cents per warrant when sold to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company could be accomplished, it was said that his

When Stomach Is Acid, Gassy

A Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet Sweetens and Settles Those Sour Risings, Belching and Gassiness that Follow Eating

No matter how distressed after eating, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets



make your stomach feel good. It settles down, sweetens, goes about its business of digesting the food and you feel content and active. Eat what you like, turkey dressing, plum pudding, rich soup, sausage, baked beans and so on. You may get the habit provided you always follow with a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. Get a 50-cent box at any drug store today and test your eating abilities.

WHEAT GROWERS INCORPORATED

The North Dakota Wheat Growers' Association, headed by George E. Duis, of Grand Forks, has incorporated, its charter providing that it may sell grain cooperatively and otherwise operate in the interests of wheat growers. No capital stock is provided, and membership is upon payment of a fee of \$10.

Incorporators are: M. S. Blair, Geo. E. Duis, A. G. Peterson, Grand Forks; S. H. Copenhagen, Carrington; Francis E. Copeland, Parshall; T. B. Thompson, Thompson; H. L. Knauss, Tola; A. Meehan, Edinburg; A. O. Omild, Thompson; A. N. Winge, Van Hook; Howard Bird, Flaxton; O. G. Rothen, Angela; O. K. Melby, Manford; Will G. Williamson, Arvilla; John Nelson, Langdon; A. R. Jesund, Cuthay; G. H. Maloney, Webster; A. P. Minnette, Webster; A. J. McDonnell, Webster; S. J. Moulton, Wahpeton.

MITCHELL MAN NAMED.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 25.—W. W. Blain of Mitchell, S. D., has been named secretary of the Grand Forks Commercial club, succeeding H. M. Stanton, who left Saturday for Duluth, where he becomes secretary of the Builders and Traders Exchange. Mr. Blain has had 10 years of experience in commercial club work.

MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF CITY COMMISSIONERS MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 23, 1922.

The Board of City Commissioners met in regular session Monday evening, January 23rd, 1922, at eight o'clock P. M. in the City Auditor's office. Commissioners French, Henzler, Larson and President Lohrman. On motion of Commissioner Larson, duly seconded and carried the bills were allowed as read. Amendments were made to the ordinance fixing the hours at which dances could not be held on week-days from 2:00 a. m. to 6:00 a. m. and providing that the managers or persons in charge of public entertainment be held responsible for the conduct of the same. Commissioner Henzler moved that the ordinance be passed as amended. Commissioner Larson seconded the motion. On roll-call all commissioners present voted aye. Messrs. French, Larson and Henry Martz spoke on the tax liability ordinance. Commissioner French introduced an ordinance repealing the tax liability ordinance, which was read for the first time. Commissioner Larson introduced an ordinance prohibiting the keeping of movable, confined, stray or grocery stores within one block of Foster Park or the Swimming Pool. On motion of Commissioner Henzler the Board of City Commissioners adjourned to meet again Monday evening, January 30th, 1922.

Attest: M. H. ATKINSON, City Auditor

SHERIFF'S SALE

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh—vs. W. H. Macfie, Plaintiff, vs. E. E. Coleman, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the Clerk's office of the 4th Judicial District Court, State of North Dakota, in and for the County of Burleigh, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of W. H. Macfie, and against E. E. Coleman, I have levied upon the following described personal property of said Defendant to-wit: One Chalmers Automobile No. 2765; and I shall on Monday, the 6th day of February, 1922, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, in said County and State, proceed to sell the above described property, to said Defendant, and costs, amounting to One Hundred Eighty Dollars and Seventy-five cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 24th day of January, 1922, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

BOLIN WELCH, Sheriff, Burleigh County, N. D.

A. T. Fisher, Plaintiff's Attorney, Bismarck, N. D., January 21, 1922.

Bread is the daily food of less than one-third of the world's population.

"THE DEVIL"

PLAYED BY MR. GEORGE ARLISS



"The Devil" probes the souls of men and women, and through the eyes of evil, true life is revealed, clear as crystal.

A mighty drama, rich in climax moments, fascinating, compelling in its vivid action.

ALSO
MACK SENNETT
COMEDY
"BE REASONABLE"
and
Kinograms



MATINEE DAILY
2:30
EVENINGS
7:30 & 9

Eltinge

TONIGHT
and TOMORROW

LEAGUE PAPER IN DEVILS LAKE IS DISPOSED OF

Devils Lake, N. D., Jan. 25.—The Devils Lake World, for a year and a half owned and published by the World Publishing company, with the purchase of stockholders, has been sold out, according to authentic information given out this week. The purchaser, B. A. Stefanowicz, at present editor of the Bowbells Tribune of Bowbells, this state, is reported to have paid \$10,000 for plant and good will of the concern. This is the third time The World has changed ownership in a little over two years.

It is understood the new owner of the plant will take possession February 1. Carl Nelson, formerly of Cando but for the past month editor of The World, it is announced will assume direction of the Bowbells Tribune when Mr. Stefanowicz moves to Devils Lake.

AVIATORS ARE REPORTED SAFE

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Major Ray S. Miller and Lieut. Joe Westover, aviators of the Minnesota observation squadron who were forced to land Tuesday on Lake Lax 60 miles north of Duluth, are safe, according to a telephone message to Adjutant General Rhinow here today.

LEGION MEMBERS Regular meeting 8 p. m. sharp, tonight. Important business and talk.

Dance at Baker's Hall every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights. Best music and floor in state. 10c a dance.

ASK MINIMUM PRICE ON WHEAT

Fargo, Jan. 25.—The farmers club of Dwight, Richland county, favors the revival of the U. S. Grain corporation and the establishment of a minimum price for wheat by congressional action that will insure the farmer cost of production and a fair profit. At a meeting of the club last Friday, January 23, resolutions were adopted calling on congress to take immediate action on this matter so that the price still be known to the farmers before spring seeding opens.

GIVEN YEAR IN PEN FOR THEFT

Joseph Pavlik, former town marshal of Max, pleading guilty before Judge Coffey at Bismarck, to grand larceny, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. He was arrested when officials, searching his home, found suits, silk shirts, drug goods, hardware, auto accessories, engine equipment shotguns and other articles valued at several hundred dollars. He is said to have had keys in his possession, while acting as marshal, that would fit doors of several stores, and a gasoline station.

Dance at Baker's Hall every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights. Best music and floor in state. 10c a dance.

FOR SALE—House and lot, 408, Ave. A, corner 4th. Inquire owner, M. W. Neff. 1-25-4t

WANTED—To rent a piano for six months or one year. Telephone 988. 1-25-6t

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 716 Main St., Phone 917. 1-25-3t

WOULD LIKE POSITION as housekeeper or do general housework. Phone 911. 1-25-3t

CASCARETS 10¢

For Constipated Bowels—Bilious Liver

The nicest cathartic-laxative to tonight will empty your bowels completely by morning and you will feel splendid. "They work while you sleep." Cascarets never stir up or gripe like Salts, Pills, Calomel, or Oil and they cost only ten cents a box. Children love Cascarets too. ADV.

Headache Biliousness
Colds Indigestion
Dizziness Sour Stomach

is candy-like Cascarets. One or two

ELTINGE THEATRE

Direction Valteau Theater Company

TONIGHT and TOMORROW
MR. GEORGE ARLISS
in "THE DEVIL"
MACK SENNETT Comedy... "BE REASONABLE"
FRIDAY and SATURDAY
JACKIE COOGAN
in "MY BOY"

COMING
"PRISCILLA DEAN, in... "THE CONFLICT"
KATHERINE MACDONALD in... "THE BEAUTIFUL LIAR"
JACK HOLT in... "AFTER THE SHOW"

Matinee Daily 2:30. Evenings 7:30 & 9.

WILL CELEBRATE DRIVING OF THE "GOLDEN SPIKE"

Alaska's 467-Mile Government Railroad Cost Approximately \$56,000,000

WAS COMMENCED IN 1914

Anchorage, Alaska, Jan. 25.—So rapidly has the work of bringing together the ends of steel on Alaska's 467-mile government railroad from Seward, on the seacoast, to Fairbanks in the heart of the Yukon country, progressed, that definite plans are being made for a great celebration throughout the territory to mark the driving of the "golden spike" sometime in mid-February.

The ceremony, which will be attended by Governor Scott C. Bone, of Alaska, and other high territorial and federal officials, will take place at the Riley Creek bridge, 120 miles south of Fairbanks. Thousands are expected to attend the ceremony.

The Riley Creek bridge is in itself a triumph of engineering. Late in November, 1921, 500 tons of steel for the bridge were shipped from Seattle to Seward. Today the bridge, a 900-foot structure, is practically completed. With the exception of the 1,340-foot steel bridge across the Tanana River at Nenana which will not be placed in service until late this year or early in 1923, it is the last unit of the road to be completed. Pending completion of work on the bridge at Nenana, trains will be sent over the Tanana on ferries in the summer and over tracks laid on the ice during the winter months.

The government railroad cost approximately \$56,000,000 and has been under construction since 1914. The main line between Seward and Fairbanks is 467 miles in length, but, with branches, the completed system will have a total trackage of 739 miles. For some months past luxurious trains, with Pullman coaches and buffet dining cars have been operated over the main line on a once-a-week schedule. Freight was carried between the ends of steel by dog sled.

Fast Mail Service

Alaskans hail the coming of the railroad as the key that will unlock one of the richest territories in the world. Mail from Seattle will reach Fairbanks in nine days. Heretofore from one to three months was the usual time of transit. The road will be open this year round and no longer will the freezing of the Yukon in winter mean that the great interior country must hibernate until resumption of navigation in the spring.

Alaska's richest areas are tapped by the road. The fertile valleys of the Tanana and Yukon will be in direct connection with Seward, a seaport with a harbor free of ice for twelve months in the year. The road passes through important coal fields, one of which is expected to furnish supplies of steaming fuel for naval vessels. It traverses what government geologists describe as a rich potential oil district in the Cook Inlet region contiguous to Anchorage.

Before the Shipping of the railroad, according to federal reports, it cost \$70 to ship one ton of hay, corn, potatoes or other necessities to Fairbanks. The freight went by boat to St. Michaels, at the mouth of the Yukon, was then reshipped on the Yukon and Tanana rivers to Fairbanks, a total distance of 2,800 miles. Sometimes it was shipped through Skagway, over the White Pass and Yukon railroad to White Horse, thence down the Yukon and Tanana rivers at a cost of \$60.

Today the same bulk of freight can be shipped by the railroad to Fairbanks in three weeks less time than by either of the older routes, "traveling a total distance of 1,885 miles at a cost of about \$20. Since the road began handling traffic a few months ago, the cost of oats in Fairbanks dropped from \$140 to \$70 a ton, the price of beef dropped 25 cents a pound. Wood costing \$120 a cord was replaced by lignite coal delivered at \$6 a ton.

An increase in tourist traffic is expected. Mount McKinley, 20,300 feet in altitude and the loftiest peak on the North American continent is but a short distance from the line and Mount McKinley National Park will become accessible.

Great Britain had 2453 bankruptcies during the first nine months of 1921.

NORTH CAROLINA CALLS THIS WORLD'S GREATEST REUNION



F. B. Hobgood and 29 of his descendants gathered at a recent family reunion at Oxford, N. C. He has been president of Oxford College 42 years. Many of the male descendants are prominent in political, professional and commercial circles at North Carolina and several of them distinguished themselves in the World War.

ALMOST 50-50 ON THE GERMAN LABOR QUESTION

Paris, Jan. 25.—Residents of some of the war devastated districts of France are divided almost evenly as to whether the German labor should be employed in the reconstruction work. This question was submitted to the vote of some 400 families residing in a dozen villages in the district of Châlons.

As a result, 51 per cent opposed it and 49 per cent favored it. The opposition was based mostly upon dislike of having Germans freely circulating in the district as it would be impossible to keep them in barracks. M. Loucheur, Minister of Liberated Regions, has said it would be impossible to consider a general scheme for employing German labor unless 80 per cent of the French residents of the district were in favor of it.

BUCHAREST, BELGRADE, ARE RIVALS

Belgrade, Jan. 25.—Belgrade is now vying with Bucharest for the title of "Paris of the Balkans." The city is being rapidly transformed from a sleepy, melancholy, unattractive provincial town to something like a European capital. Its stores are full of luxuries, jewels, rich furs, silks, furs, expensive confections, perfume and cosmetics. Everybody seems to have ample money to buy these articles. A tide of prosperity is now flowing through the country.

There is not sufficient room in the capital for the thousands of Slavs who want to come here from the united provinces. Several thousand new buildings are under construction, the streets are being repaved, parks, public squares and an esplanade are planned, a new Royal Palace and a new Parliament building are nearing completion, the construction of a great stadium is contemplated, and the government is offering prizes of 500,000 francs for the best plan for the improvement and beautification of the city.

"You won't know Belgrade in another five years," its citizens say proudly. "We shall have a capital worthy of a nation of 13,000,000 people and a city that will attract Europeans."

It is a city of strong contrasts. In the heart of the business, banking and shopping sections the visitor sees many peasants, herdsmen and hand-made farm carts drawn by the immemorial ox.

An American visitor was startled to see an aged ex-soldier carrying a coffin on his back through the crowded shopping district of the capital. It was explained that the Serbian undertakers made their deliveries of coffins to their patrons in this fashion. Such incongruities are constantly to be seen in the capital.

B. OF N. D. MONEY IN 27 CLOSED BANKS IN N. D.

Inventory Shows Distribution of Redeemable and Loans to Institutions

Twenty-seven open banks and 27 closed banks in North Dakota had \$2,447,578.20 of the funds of the bank of North Dakota according to an inventory of the bank as of October 23, 1921, which the director of the bank, P. W. Cathro, turned over to his successors. This list of an equal number of open and closed banks on that date includes all of the banks listed as having received \$10,000 or more of deposits of public funds. A large percentage of these banks also were the custodians of moneys of the bank of North Dakota upon certificate of deposits or other bank paper.

Name of Bank	Redeemable	C. D.'s and Bills Pay.
Closed Banks	\$25,285.03	\$13,779.57
First State Bank, Amidon	61,946.67	
Slope County State Bank, Amidon	12,922.70	6,278.41
State Bank, Bannock	47,735.45	17,303.37
Beach State Bank, Beach	20,614.46	6,000.00
Security State Bank, Benedict	18,193.16	10,390.88
Security State Bank, Custer	12,632.83	27,598.69
First State Bank, Crystal Springs	13,371.32	13,371.32
Dunsmuir State Bank, Dunsmuir	14,240.08	15,146.15
Citizens State Bank, Edgeley	14,492.92	1,885.35
Scandinavian-American Bank, Fargo	232,593.20	151,946.91
Fortuna State Bank, Fortuna	23,335.05	2,839.63
Citizens State Bank, Hazen	34,343.26	4,056.67
First State Bank, Killdeer	11,100.27	
Peoples State Bank, Leith	19,183.22	5,697.54
First Farmers State Bank, Minot	48,096.65	10,353.61
Mohall State Bank, Mohall	20,417.23	1,454.88
Security State Bank, New England	25,992.70	16,376.36
Bank of New Rockford, New Rockford	17,386.84	29,437.16
Citizens State Bank, Pigeon	17,164.16	2,359.35
Prosper State Bank, Prosper	25,817.62	10,971.71
Regent State Bank, Regent	26,829.05	12,262.68
Farmers State Bank, Rhame	20,340.92	14,774.42
Timmer State Bank, Timmer	11,682.57	9,577.75
Tolley State Bank, Tolley	38,339.69	3,792.12
Williston State Bank, Williston	34,032.12	
Totals	\$920,790.50	\$398,842.91

According to the data in the inventory of Mr. Cathro, the 27 closed banks had \$920,790.50 in redeems and \$398,842.91 for which the bank of North Dakota held certificates of deposit or other bank paper. The 27 banks, open on the date of the inventory, had \$725,976.14 in redeems and \$499,663.65 for which the bank of North Dakota held certificates of deposit or other bank paper. But cities, Fargo and Williston, at almost opposite ends of the state, received the largest deposits. Fargo leading with \$384,045.11 while Williston had \$272,649.58. The total amount of redeems on the date of the inventory is given as \$2,117,971.19. The totals for certificates of deposit and other bank paper was \$1,339,120.04. The 54 banks therefore held a total of \$2,447,778.20 of the funds of the bank of North Dakota.

Some of the banks listed as closed banks in the inventory and so carried in the following list, have reopened since November 23, 1921.

MANDAN NEWS

Public Schools to Stage "Fi Fi" Friday

"Fi-Fi of the Toy Shop," a gay musical extravaganza will be presented at the Palace theater on Friday, January 27, at a matinee and evening performance by pupils of the Mandan schools.

The play is being conducted by Miss Connelly of the John Rogers company of Sioux Falls, S. D., and is one of the most elaborate and spectacular productions ever handled by high schools or upper grades. Miss Connelly is being assisted by Miss Ida Thorberg, musical instructor of the local schools, and Miss Frances Kuntz, director of physical training.

"Fi-Fi" tells a brilliant story of the adventures of a Parisian doll who becomes endowed with life by means of a magic smelling salts and escapes from her box in the toy-shop accompanied by other toys of the shop and the entire play is made up of their adventures. Special scenery and costumes supplied on a lavish scale will make the production one of the most brilliant ever presented in the city. The story is portrayed in the woods, in the toyshop, in the Milky Way and in a garden in Fairy Land.

Miss Connelly comes to Mandan from Minot where the production given by the school of that city scored a tremendous hit.

The cast has not been announced.

Receives News of Father's Death

W. O. Johnson of Dunn Center was in Mandan yesterday trying to run down a clue to the person who sent a telegram from the Mandan office of the Western Union, saying that he was dead.

The telegram was sent to his son Delmar Johnson who is attending school at LaGrange, Ill., a suburb of Chicago, and on the strength of the wire the young man made the trip back to Dunn Center only to find his father waiting on the platform to meet him.

The telegram which was sent out from here was in printed letters, and was as follows:

January 16th.
Collect 12:27 P. M.
Delmar Johnson
Broadway Seminary
LaGrange, Ill.
Father dead. Come at once.
Myrtle Moore.

Myrtle Moore is employed at the Johnson home in Dunn Center and had not left the place. The Mandan operator could not give any definite information as to the sender of the message. It being not out of the ordinary and coming in the regular course of business.

Delmar Johnson returned to Mandan yesterday and left for Chicago last night.

Mrs. P. E. Thian and daughter Helmer of San Francisco, former residents of Mandan, are visiting in Mandan, guests at the F. McAvitt home. From Mandan they will go to St. Paul, where they will visit relatives.

J. M. Hanley, who was recently appointed a member of the national executive committee of the American Legion, has returned from Indianapolis, where a meeting of the executive committee was held January 20. Prior to going to Indianapolis Mr. Hanley spent several weeks in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. J. A. Thiessen and daughter, Margaret, who have been the guests

Heed The Danger Signals!

If we are not "fit as a fiddle" in the morning; if we don't feel better than when we went to bed; if our breath is offensive and we have that bad taste in the mouth. Nature has set the danger signals for us and we cannot afford to neglect the warning that she gives.

Probably eighty per cent of all diseases originate in the digestive organs, so it is evident that if we have stomach trouble, however slight, we are foolish indeed if we do not take prompt steps to correct it.

Stomach trouble is almost always followed by a complication of diseases. One of the first being an over-worked liver, with all the symptoms of biliousness, followed in turn by headaches, coated tongue, dizzy spells, pain in the back, palpitation of the heart and other distressing symptoms.

Sooner or later the kidneys will become involved and that is just why these danger signals should be heeded in time. A wise man puts out the fire before there is too much destruction. The same theory should apply to stomach trouble.

The American people have learned that Tanlac probably provides the surest, safest and quickest remedy for all such troubles, and millions upon millions have taken it with the most astonishing and gratifying results.

That is the reason for the phenomenal success of Tanlac and that is why it is proclaimed the world's Greatest Tonic.

"Tanlac is sold in Bismarck by Joseph Breslow and leading druggists everywhere." (Adv.)

Misses Florence and Cella Connelly for some time have returned to their home at St. Paul.

Mrs. Albert Larson of Mandan was shopping and visiting in Bismarck yesterday.

Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Bunting of Mandan, were visiting in Bismarck yesterday.

POLES DYING BY HUNDREDS FROM TYPHUS

Warsaw, Jan. 25.—Government inspectors say there is much typhus among the thousands of Polish men, women and children who are being repatriated from Russia through the camp at Baranowice, near the Polish-Russian border. The disease, they assert, is becoming more widespread as it does each winter as the cold weather sets in.

Repatriation of the Polish population which was withdrawn by the Russian army in 1915 in their retreat is scarcely half finished. It began last July. Estimates of the number to be repatriated vary from 600,000 by the Polish Commission to 1,300,000 by the Russian evacuation commission. It is estimated that more than 300,000 already have passed through the Baranowice camp alone and that the total number returned to date is approximately 450,000. The care of these people is in the hands of the Polish government aided by several welfare organizations.

These refugees have been dying in such numbers at the Baranowice camp that the authorities have found it necessary to bury the victims in great trenches. Of 62,000 who passed through the station in November, it is estimated by Polish health officials that 1,500 died after reaching the camp. Doctors attribute the majority of deaths to diseases contracted en route and brought about by exposure and lack of proper nourishment.

SECRET OF A GOOD DISPOSITION

A woman who carefully safeguards her health benefits her disposition. She will be happy and attractive to all. The world unfortunately is filled with sweet women who are unhappy because they are held back from usefulness by troubles so common among them. fretfulness and nervousness rapidly destroy good dispositions. Sickly, ill-worn-out women cannot make happy homes. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safeguard of women's health. This is clearly proven by the many letters we are continually publishing in this paper, from women who have been restored to health and happiness by its use after years of suffering. Why don't you try it?—Adv.

Wireless waves travel at the same speed, regardless of their separate lengths.

High rate of prosperity in British building trade was reached in 1909.

Yeast Vitamon Complexion Secret

Banishes Skin Eruptions, Puts on Firm Flesh. Strengthens the Nerves and Increases Energy.

If you want to quickly clear your skin and complexion, put some firm, healthy flesh on your bones, increase your nerve force and power and feel 100 per cent better, simply try taking two of Mastin's tiny VITAMON tablets with each meal and watch results. Mastin's VITAMON Tablets contain highly concentrated yeast-vitamins as well as the two other full most important vitamins (Fat Soluble A and Water Soluble C) and are easy being used by thousands as a tonic restorative and amazing complexion secret. Pimples, boils and skin eruptions seem to vanish like magic, the complexion becomes fresh and beautiful, the cheeks rosy, the lips red, the eyes bright. So rapid and amazing are the results that success is absolutely guaranteed or the trial costs you nothing. The source of a glowing, radiant complexion is from within. You can't expect external applications to benefit a condition due to internal conditions. Get some vitamins into your system. Be sure to remember the name—Mastin's VITAMON. You can get Mastin's VITAMON Tablets at all good druggists.

OF What Use Are Beautiful Features if You Have An Ugly Skin? Mastin's VITAMON Tablets Are Positively Guaranteed To Give You Healthy Beauty And More Beautiful Face and Figure, or Money Back.

Are Positively Guaranteed to Put on Firm Flesh, Clear the Skin and Increase Energy When Taken With Every Meal or Money Back

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To Put on Good Firm Flesh and Round Out Your Face and Figure

Get a FREE \$1.00 Package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine Tablets Today as Explained Below—Try Them for Ten Days and Watch the Results

Science has at last shown how we sometimes grow weak, thin, and emaciated on an abundance of food (lacking in vitamins) while with a much smaller amount of food, rich in vitamins, we may quickly take on good firm flesh, increase in weight, and make a remarkable gain in strength, energy and endurance, provided your blood contains sufficient quantity of oxygenated or iron-rich iron to enable your body to assimilate your food properly.

Without organic iron both food and vitamins are absolutely useless as your body cannot change useless inert food matter into living cells and tissue unless you have plenty of organic iron in your blood.

For centuries scientists tried in vain to make organic iron. At last the problem was solved so that you may now obtain pure organic iron like the iron in your blood from any druggist under the name of "Nuxated Iron."

It has been arranged to give every purchaser of Nuxated Iron, who wishes to put on flesh or increase weight, a large regular \$1.00 package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine Tablets absolutely free. Be sure to take only Nuxated Brand Yeast Vitamine Tablets with Nuxated Iron. Do not be misled by imitations which often contain drugs.

FREE \$1.00 COUPON

This coupon, if used within five days, entitles you to one regular \$1.00 package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine Tablets absolutely free with each bottle of Nuxated Iron that you purchase. If your dealer does not have our Vitamine Tablets he can easily obtain them for you from any wholesaler or druggist. Cut out this coupon and present it to your dealer today.

300,000 GERMAN RIFLES FOR RUSSIA

Stockholm, Jan. 25.—Swedish newspapers assert that a plot has been revealed to ship into Russia 300,000 army rifles, alleged to have been sold to the Soviet authorities through Swedish intermediaries. The rifles are said to have come originally from Germany, but are believed to have been held in storage in Denmark for some time.

Of true Colonial style is this pretty home that you can build for \$7,000. It is one of the houses designed by 10 experts, architects for the Architects' Small Home Service Bureau. There are six rooms, bath and sleeping porch. The full basement, with large laundry space, is a special feature.

The living room is spacious, spreading practically all the way across the front of the house.

Working days "rest" in the United Kingdom since the armistice total up to 61,000,000.

VanHorn & Ritterbush

Architects
Bismarck, N. D.

Branch Office
Architects Small House
Service Bureau

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

VISCOUNT BRYCE
A good friend and earnest student of America is dead. Viscount Bryce, one of few Europeans to gauge correctly our institutions, ideals and aspirations, leaves behind him a valuable work for students of generations to come. His major work: "American Commonwealth," has long been a text book of our form of government and regarded as an authority in colleges throughout the length and breadth of the land.

Bryce has often been referred to as an "English Yankee." He was as keen to point out the defects in the American system of government as he was generous in praise of our form of a constitution.

There is only one writer whose name goes down into history linked with that of Bryce. De Toqueville years previous performed a similar service to the American people in his work: "Democracy in America."

Bryce's essays, addresses and miscellaneous state papers did much to maintain friendly relations between the two peoples. He assisted his fellow Englishmen in understanding Americans, not always an easy task during the strained periods in the course of diplomatic relations in which Bryce took a leading part.

America will long rever the memory of Viscount Bryce—she is greatly in debt for his fine service to a nation he loved second only to his own.

AN INTERESTING TEXT BOOK
Alonso G. Grace, Instructor in Anthropology at the University of Minnesota is the author of an interesting text book on Immigration and Americanization. This book is of double interest to Bismarck as its author has been a resident here and for the other reason that this subject is practically in its infancy in the curriculum of American colleges.

Professor Grace sets forth very ably in his preface the object of his book. The opening paragraph, which is printed below, gives the idea in the author's mind when he gathered together the interesting material to be found in the book:

"To be able to analyze and interpret all of the material available on the great problem of immigration and Americanization is much more than one man can do in an ordinary lifetime. The facts gathered for this book are merely with a view of enlightening the Americanization director and teacher and to show that the solution for the problem of the immigrant lies in the able and intelligent organization of every community in America."

This text book is divided into two parts. The first portion of the book is devoted wholly to immigration problems and in the second part the Americanization movement is emphasized. Everyone should be interested in the problem of Americanization and the study of this text book throws a new light upon a very interesting and vital issue before the American people today.

The Tribune commends this book to the high schools and colleges which seek to inform the student body on the problems involved in Americanization.

EVOLVING A PLAN

Members of the city commission are understood to be engaged in evolving a plan to acquire a fire truck for the city during the present winter without involving embarrassment of the city finances by too heavy a purchase.

The plan discussed, which seems feasible and doubtless would meet with approval of taxpayers, is to purchase a truck, mount the present apparatus on it and use it until such time as business conditions and other factors entering into the matter would warrant the purchase of an entirely new apparatus. The truck then could be used as an auxiliary apparatus, which is held a need in the event the department is motorized.

Changing financial conditions during the fall and winter with fluctuations in prices and the fact that tax collections have been slow have been considered in evolving the new plan, which has in it the merit of providing adequate protection without too great an expense.

GIANT

The three ships in which Columbus sailed to discover America were considered fine vessels in their day. Yet the three combined could carry only 120 people, with provisions.

Next April, the new 56,000-ton liner Majestic will make its first trip across the Atlantic, to New York. It will carry 4100 passengers and a crew

of 1000. Included in the cargo will be 6000 game birds, 80,000 bottles of ale and similar delicacies for passengers.

Compare the Majestic with Columbus' ships. Takes an instance like this to make us realize the tremendous progress man has made. Inventors are the greatest producers.

GOLD HANDCUFFS

Would you contribute 50 cents to a sure-fire scheme for wiping out the national debt for your descendants?

All right, suppose every one in America chips in 50 cents. That would give a fund of about \$54,000,000—not much in these days when government spends in terms of billions.

Or let Congress set aside \$54,000,000. Put it out at 8 per cent interest. In 80 years, it would have grown to more than \$25,000,000,000, enough to wipe out the national debt and leave several billions in the bank for our great-grandchildren.

At 4 per cent interest, it would take about 160 years. Money doubles in 17 years 246 days at 4 per cent compound interest, and in nine years two days at 8 per cent.

This scheme will interest Henry Ford. He could change his will, set aside \$54,000,000 in a trust fund, and in 80 years have \$25,000,000,000 as a gift to tax-ridden Americans.

The scheme, which is simple and workable, doesn't come from Wall Street bankers.

It is advanced by a village business man—W. B. Kendall, of Bowdoinham, Me.

Kendall recently took up a collection of \$550 among his neighbors. Eighty years from now, interest will have swollen this nest-egg to \$30,000. In the year 2002, that should be enough to buy a couple of dozen eggs or send a ton of freight half a mile.

Kendall's scheme is so sensible that probably nothing ever will come of it.

It should drive home, though, to every American, the tremendous power of compound interest to create great fortunes.

The prominent Americans who are as rich as chocolate cake have wisened to the psychology of "shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves" in three generations—the dissipation of great family estates by a couple of generations of heirs.

Having wisened, they are sewing up their money in trust funds. In many cases, the heirs get only a part of the interest.

The dead hand of the fortune builder reaches out from the grave and continues piling up more wealth.

Kendall, of Maine, shows how compound interest can swell \$50,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000 in 80 years.

Pause, for a moment, to reflect what some of the huge fortunes of 1922 will total 80 years hence if the trust-found-for-heirs idea goes on indefinitely.

WONDER IF WE GET ANY OF THE GOAT

Ever eat any goat meat? Sure? Department of Agriculture says about 142,000 goats are slaughtered and sold as meat yearly. Few cities require goat meat to be marketed under its real name. It tastes like mutton, a trifle sweeter.

In this nightmare called civilization, we probably eat a great many strange things without knowing it.

If a written history could accompany each article of food, few city folks would have to be cautioned against overeating.

Lucky is the motorist who can drive to the country and be fairly sure of getting pure food that cannot remember when Bryan first ran for president.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day

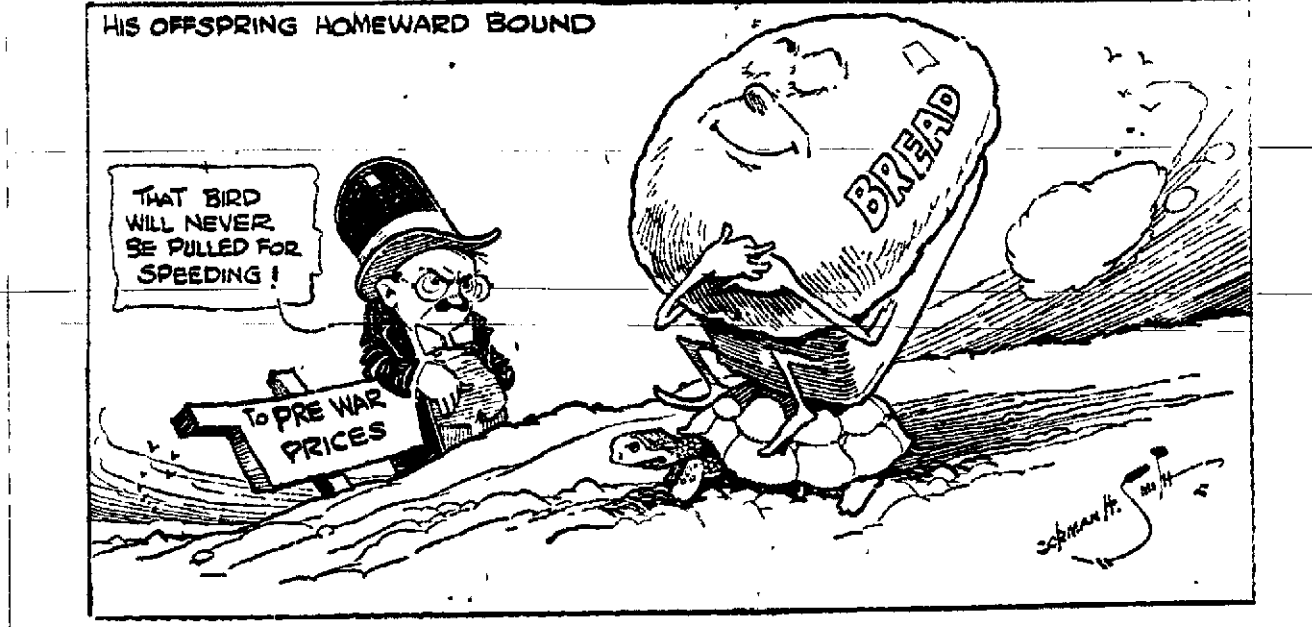
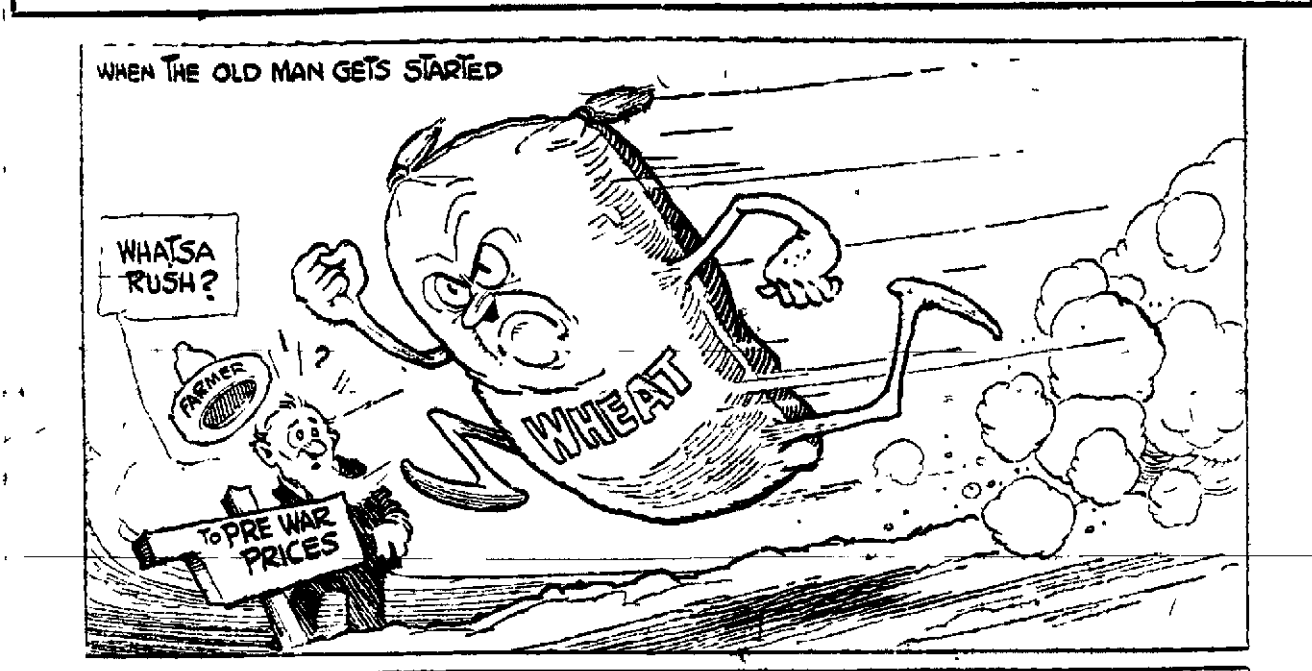
LEARNING AND UNLEARNING SCIENCE

Prof. Edwin E. Slosson, who has made Einstein easy and chemistry captivating, makes some interesting remarks in a current magazine on the need of more good popular interpreters of science. He sees two things hampering the lay observer. The first is the hedge of technical terms with which the specialist surrounds his laboratory, and the second is the rapid progress of science. Indeed, science is shooting ahead so rapidly that the layman who had science courses only a few years ago finds his preparation useless for understanding present developments.

There is one impressive fact which Prof. Slosson fails to emphasize about the progress of the physical science. The basic courses of less than a decade ago are now inadequate, because science has been busily engaged in tearing out its own foundation. Einstein seemingly has lifted the fundamentals out from under a good block of the scientific structure. Studies in radio-activity, which appear at present to be leading back to alchemy, have knocked the props from beneath various other branches.

It is true that the practical superstructure has not yet been greatly altered by these basic changes. But it may be. There seems to be a certain economy of effort about taking basic courses in what may be called the static studies—linguistics, for example. The languages, dead and living, stand on permanent foundations. Science progresses largely by disproving accepted scientific theories. —Chicago News.

Maybe "Doc" Einstein Can Solve This Problem In Relativity



LEARN A WORD EVERY DAY

Today's word is **PARSIMONIOUS**. It's pronounced pair-see-mo-ni-us, with accent on the third syllable. It means—stingy, frugal, not generous, grasping, "tight." It comes from—Latin "parcere," to save. Companion words—parsimony, parsimoniousness. It's used like this—"Though rich, he was so parsimonious he would not buy enough to eat."

A THOUGHT FOR TODAY

For the invisible things of Him from the creation of the world, are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are, made, even his eternal power and Godhead.—Romans 1:20
And as the path of duty is made plain:
May grace be given that I may walk therein;
Not like the hireling, for his selfish gain,
With backward glances and reluctant tread,
Making a merit of his coward dread—
But cheerful, in the light around me thrown,
Walking as one to pleasant service led;
Doing God's will as if it were my own,
Yet trusting not in mine, but in His strength alone!
—James Greenleaf Whittier.

SUPREME COURT

From Morton County.
Fred W. Asch, plaintiff, vs. The Washburn Lignite Coal Company, Defendant, and Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, and as such Director of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, a corporation, defendants and appellants.
Syllabus:
1. One in the general service of another may be transferred to the service of a third person so as to become the latter's servant with all the legal consequences of the new relation; but the relation is not changed, as a matter of law, merely because the servant is sent to do certain work for such third party who has made a bargain with the master for the performance of such service, even though the third party, under his arrangement with the master, pays wages directly to the servant for his services. In order to establish the relation of master and servant between the servant and such third person it must appear that the servant has expressly or by implication consented to the transfer of his services to the new master and to accept him as his master during the time of such service.

2. A fireman on a locomotive who is injured by a collision between the locomotive and some cars placed on the track by a coal company may maintain a joint action against the railway company and the coal company if the collision was produced by the negligence of the railway company in operating the locomotive at an excessive rate of speed, concurring with the negligent act of the coal company in placing the cars on the track.

3. Certain rulings relating to amendment of the complaint, the examination of witnesses, and the admission and rejection of evidence considered, and, for reasons stated in the opinion, held proper or non-prejudicial.

4. Where X-ray plates had been proved by a physician, it was competent for him to explain them to the jury as particulars that are not understood by laymen.

5. It is proper to receive the opinions of medical experts as to the nature and extent of a personal injury.

6. The injured person is a competent witness to testify to his feeling, pains and symptoms, as well as to all the characteristics of the injury so far as the same are perceptible to the senses, and do not require the ex-

ercise of scientific skill and knowledge.

7. Where a case is submitted for a special verdict the jury should not be informed by instructions as to the effect of answers to questions in such special verdict on the ultimate right or liability of either party. It is proper, however, to give to the jury instructions embodying general rules of law appropriate to the particular questions of the special verdict in connection with which such rules are given.

8. Error assigned upon alleged prejudicial remarks of counsel in the argument to the jury considered, and held not well taken.

9. For reasons stated in the opinion it is held that the defendant, The Washburn Lignite Coal Company, is not relieved from liability by virtue of the fellow servant doctrine.

10. A verdict for \$8,000.00 is held not excessive.

Appeal from the district court of Morton County, Berry, J.

Both defendants appeal from a judgment and from an order denying their motions for judgment notwithstanding the verdict or for a new trial.

Affirmed.
Opinion of the court by Christian-son, J.

Robinson, J., concurs in result.
Lee Combs, of Valley City, N. D., G. F. Dillam, Bismarck, N. D., and John E. Palmer, Minneapolis, Minn., for the Director General of Railroads.

Miller, Zuger & Tillotson, of Bismarck, N. D., for the Washburn Lignite Coal Company.

Sullivan, Hanley & Sullivan, of Mandan, N. D., for respondent.

Certified Question From Burleigh County.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF HALSTAD, Minn., Plaintiff, vs. S. A. Olesness, Commissioner of Insurance, D. C. Polindexter, State Auditor, Defendants.

Syllabus:
1 Under Chapter 77, Session Laws of 1921, hail insurance warrants are assignable but not negotiable.

2 Hail insurance warrants are payable in full, when called by the state treasurer, out of the hail insurance fund and are not subject to being pro-rated in case of the insufficiency of the fund.

From a judgment of the district court of Burleigh county, Hon. J. A. Corey, J.

Certified Questions Answered and Cause Remanded.

Opinion of the court by Birdzell, J. Grace, Ch. J., disqualified, did not participate.

E. T. Burke, Bismarck, N. D., Attorney for Petitioner.

Sveinbjorn Johnson, Attorney General, Geo. F. Shafer, Assistant Attorney General, Bismarck, N. D., Attorney for Defendants.

From Sheridan County.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, Plaintiff-Respondent, vs. George Fuchs, Defendant-Appellant.

Syllabus:
(1) On an appeal by the defendant from a judgment rendered against him in a bastardy proceeding and from an order denying a new trial, it is held that the verdict has substantial support in the evidence.

(2) In a bastardy proceeding, the principal question to be determined is whether the accused is the father of the child involved; and, ordinarily, the exact day on which the child was begotten is not material except as it bears on such principal question.

(3) For reasons stated in the opinion, error predicated upon a ruling made in cross examination of the complaining witness is held to be non-prejudicial.

Appeal from the district court of Sheridan county, Nuesse, J.

Bastardy proceedings against George Fuchs. Plaintiff had judgment, and defendant appeals from the judgment and from an order denying a new trial.

Affirmed.
Opinion of the court by Christian-son, J.

Geo. Thom, Jr., of Denhoff, N. D., for appellant.
Peter A. Winter, of McClusky, N. D., for respondent.

payable in full, when called by the state treasurer, out of the hail insurance fund and are not subject to being pro-rated in case of the insufficiency of the fund.

From a judgment of the district court of Burleigh county, Hon. J. A. Corey, J.

Certified Questions Answered and Cause Remanded.

Opinion of the court by Birdzell, J. Grace, Ch. J., disqualified, did not participate.

E. T. Burke, Bismarck, N. D., Attorney for Petitioner.

Sveinbjorn Johnson, Attorney General, Geo. F. Shafer, Assistant Attorney General, Bismarck, N. D., Attorney for Defendants.

From Sheridan County.

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Bastardy proceedings against George Fuchs. Plaintiff had judgment, and defendant appeals from the judgment and from an order denying a new trial.

Affirmed.
Opinion of the court by Christian-son, J.

Geo. Thom, Jr., of Denhoff, N. D., for appellant.

Peter A. Winter, of McClusky, N. D., for respondent.



On the screen they often marry; off the screen they marry often.

Chicago opera is in debt. There are a few notes out of reach.

This expression, "oceans of trouble," means—Atlantic and Pacific.

Fur coats are made by skinning dumb brutes—usually father.

The rate of exchange between foreign countries and the U. S. is several thousand gallons a day.

"French," says a Britisher, "don't consider Germany 'armless'."

When a girl runs her fingers through a man's hair it is time to give up or go home.

A family on your hands keeps them busy.

St. Louis man who dropped dead in a phone booth must have gotten his right number the first time.

"Women's clothes are a joke," says a reformer. The joke is on them.

The world gets more efficient every day. Making love takes only half as long as it once did.

Farmers raise crops in the summer and questions in the winter.

A man stole a railroad engine in Milwaukee. Police were sent to watch the round-house.

Let's hope the Irish dove of peace has gone home to roost.

"Marriages are essential," says a French writer. Yes, no home is complete without one.

The most expensive thing on earth is making history.

The early bird to return north also catches it.

The hicks make the hic's.

An apartment is no place like home.

"The average blond has 140,000 hairs on her head," says science. Bruns are demanding a recount.

What a man has often has him.

"What is this Kemp, who has been in college 41 years, going to be when he gets out?" asks an editorial. Mr. Kemp will be an old man.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts

Pretty soon the travelers came to the big front door of the factory that Mr. Crane had been telling them about. Just inside stood a dozen storks arguing noisily. That was the sound Nancy and Nick and Buskins had heard as they came down the road of this queer country. They were still in the sky, you know, in the Land of Runaway Feathers.

And this was what the storks were arguing about. There was only one pinky-blue silk comfort to be had, and each stork demanded it, saying he was on his way to Babylon to take a brand new baby to a mortal family, and how could he with nothing to carry it in!

Mr. Cramples Crane sighed. "Ho, he, hun," he said in a resigned tone. "It will have to be a riddle again, I guess. It's the only way out."

"Riddle!" said Nick, looking very much puzzled. "How can a riddle do any good?"

"One comfort—12 storks," answered Mr. Crane, wagging his head, "and each stork with a stubborn disposition. When it happens this way, as it sometimes does when we run out of silk, or elderdown, or both, I just think up a riddle. The first stork giving the correct answer gets the comfort. But the trouble is, I've run out of riddles. They know all of mine. Do you know any new ones?"

"No," Nancy remarked thoughtfully, "but I can make one up."

"So much the better!"

But Buskins had something to say. "I know a crimon sense riddle," said he. "Ask them, 'What's the difference between a jumping-jack and a baby?' and see if they know."

Mr. Crane nodded approvingly. "It sounds important," he remarked, so turning to the storks he repeated the question.

The storks wagged their heads. "That's a hard one," they said. "We'll have to think."

(To Be Continued)
(Copyright, 1922, NEA Service)

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

Ruddy Cheeks—Sparkling Eyes—Most Women Can Have

Says Dr. Edwards, a Well-Known Ohio Physician

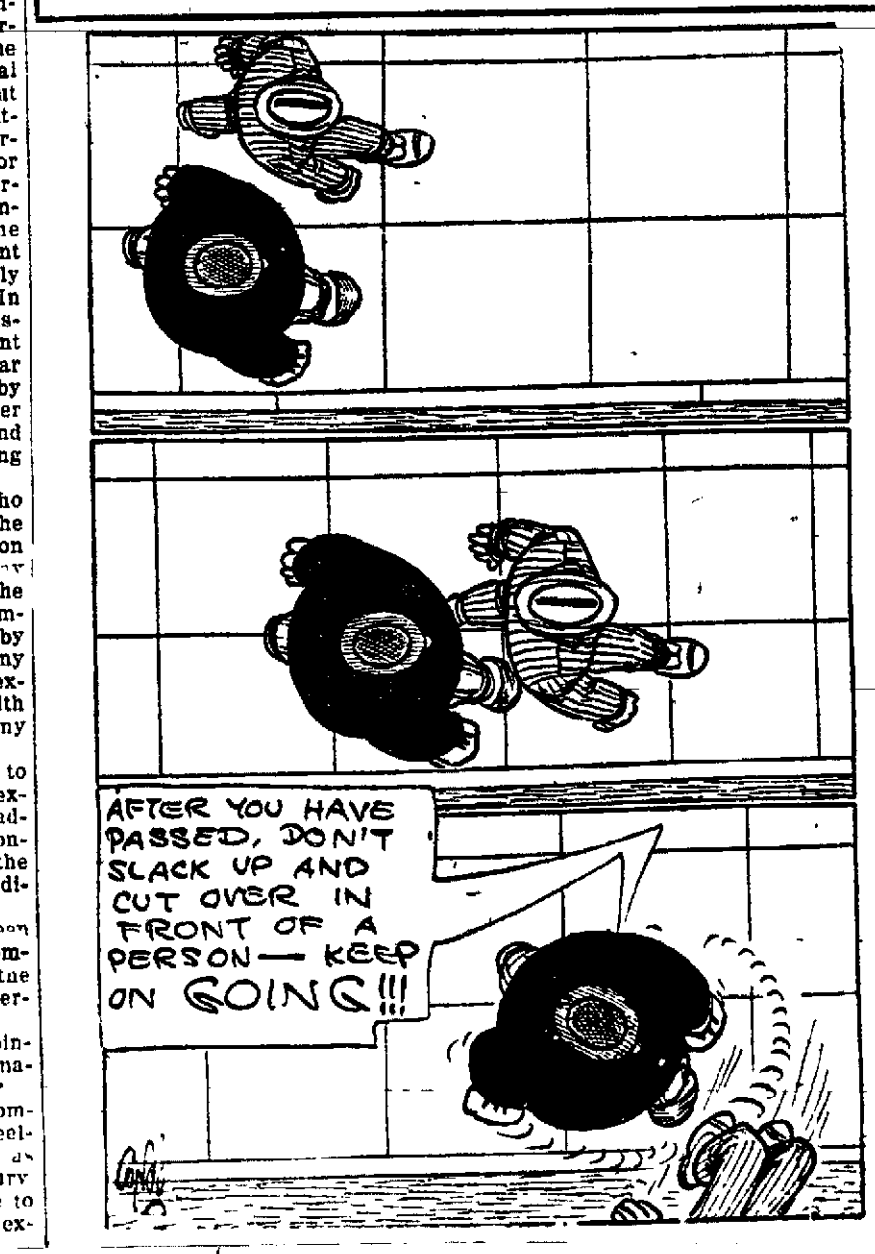
Dr. F. M. Edwards for 17 years treated scores of women for liver and bowel ailments. During these years he gave to his patients a prescription made of a few well-known vegetable ingredients mixed with olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. You will know them by their olive color.

These tablets are wonder-workers on the liver and bowels, which cause a normal action, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter in one's system.

If you have a pale face, yellow look, dull eyes, pimples, coated tongue, headaches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out of sorts, inactive bowels, you take one of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets nightly for a time and note the pleasing results.

Thousands of women and men take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the successful substitute for calomel—now and then just to keep them fit, loc and 30c.

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO



STORIES from Here and There

Beer, Not Milk, Caused Chicago Fire



CHICAGO.—This town has been celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of the great fire. And one thing new is the discovery that instead of the immortal hoof of Mrs. O'Leary's cow, a Sunday afternoon bacchanale was to blame for the fire, according to interesting new evidence reported by Miss Caroline M. McVaine, secretary of the Chicago Historical society.

J. M. Pratt of 217 North Waller avenue, of Holmes, Pratt & Co., informed Mrs. Anton Asmuth, who was an eyewitness of the conflagration's beginning, refuted the traditional legend about the lantern-kicking cow.

"No, it wasn't the cow's fault," said Mrs. Asmuth at her home at 1002 South Ashland avenue. "Why, the fire broke through the barn roof at 9:30 that terrible Sunday night, and Mrs. O'Leary had milked the cows at six o'clock."

Hardin County, 'Way Down in Egypt Land

ELIZABETHTOWN, ILL.—Travelers accustomed to the monotony of the flat expanse of level prairie land in northern and central Illinois find it hard to believe they are still in the same state when they invade Hardin county in this corner of "Egypt," as southern Illinois is called. A bit of rugged scenery has been set down in this isolated corner, framed by the great bend of the Ohio river. The hills, which stretch back forty miles from the river, are a continuation of the Ozarks, extending east through Missouri and southern Illinois.

Elizabethtown has the distinction, unusual in Illinois, of being a county seat without railroad, telegraph or electric lights. Its mail still arrives by boat and most of its freight and passenger traffic is water borne. The few roads over the hills are wretched at their best, and at their worst impassable for three months out of the year.

This town is the second oldest settlement in Illinois. In the main part of its brick hotel, standing on a high bluff above the river, the Marquis de Lafayette spent a night when he visited this country in 1824. The main room of the hotel was erected in 1807, but additions date from 1840 and Civil war days.



In the hotel yard is the grave of Elizabeth McFarland, for whom the town was named, and of John McFarland, her husband, who built and operated the hotel for nearly a half century.

There are no movies in Elizabethtown. Once or twice a year the Cotton Blossom, or one of the other show boats plying along the Mississippi and Ohio rivers, noses into the bank for a night, and the hill farmers ride in for fifteen miles around to attend the performance of "The King of Tramps."

But Hardin county has the largest flourpans mine in the world, which has been continuously worked for forty years. Now there is a strike on in the mine and Elizabethtown has been "discovered" by the newspapers.

Still Another A. E. F. Romance in France



BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Brought here from France as a technical deserter from the A. E. F., Sergeant Henry W. Rumpke, who left his home in Cincinnati in 1884 to enlist in the Marine corps, with which he served throughout the war, continuing in the service for fifteen months after the expiration of his enlistment, was freed from the "brig" at the Brooklyn navy yard by the federal court.

In July, 1919, a series of misadventures separated Rumpke from his command, the Fifth regiment, Second division, then stationed at St. Algon, France. He then, with the aid of his father, a merchant in Cincinnati, bought a small truck farm at Vitry sur Seine, and went to work as a farmer. There he met the daughter of

a neighboring farmer, Louise Mourou, and they became engaged. In April, 1921, he presented himself to the American army headquarters at Paris and told his story.

Rumpke said that his commander gave him a pass and sent him to a Red Cross hospital for certain supplies. When returning to the regiment the military police arrested and detained him because he had lost his pass, and when he got his liberty and had reached the American lines the regiment had moved to embark at Brest.

The paymaster of the division told him he would have to "make his own way" to join the command. Rumpke had no money and walked half the distance before he quit.

The military authorities held Rumpke until June, then sent him here. He had been a prisoner at the Brooklyn navy yard more than two months when a court martial decided that it had no jurisdiction, on the ground that he had served beyond enlistment at the time of the alleged desertion. Rumpke appealed to the Legal Aid society. The federal court then assumed jurisdiction.

Rumpke's father has found Miss Mourou in France, and both will arrive here next week for the wedding.

Aviator's Life Has Its Ups and Downs

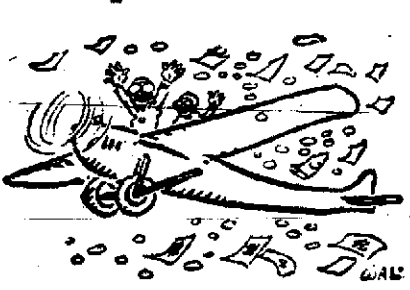
INDIANAPOLIS.—Carl Stieler, who spent his \$45,000 share of the \$254,000 Standard Oil company mail robbery at Whiting, Ind., in 1919 in a two-year orgy of airplane and automobile buying and travel, was arraigned in the federal court here. The wife who was with him while he spent the money, and who, when it was gone, took in washing and scrubbed floors to help him, is with him.

"If I hadn't given myself up the police would never have got me," said Stieler, who is twenty-three years old. The police knew that I was mixed up with the robbery, but they never saw me in Chicago. It was the same way when we got to Los Angeles. Even when Essie and I were married under our own names they didn't get wise. Wherever we went it was always under our right names. Why, I was pinched for speeding once in Los Angeles, and in the courtroom where they fined me in my picture, with a reward under it, was hanging on the wall. And they never recognized me."

His interest in flying, he said, was the result of his service as an enlisted man with the Four Hundred and Ninety-eighth aero squadron overseas.

Chief Justice of U. S. Supreme Court receives \$12,000 a year, while the others get \$14,500.

Bacteria are minute one-celled plants, which have the power of motion.



His record of expenses, as kept, he said, against the "time when federal agents might get him," follows: One airplane, \$8,000; one airplane, \$4,500; one airplane, \$5,500; one airplane without motor, \$2,000; one airplane motor, \$6,250; installing motor, \$300; one automobile, \$1,700; organizing airplane company, \$1,250; jewelry for wife, \$200; living and traveling expenses, \$13,400.

"The glider with the fine engine I used to carry my wife and myself around Arizona, New Mexico and Texas until the money gave out. It was great sport, but I wish now that the cops had been smarter—that they had caught me at the start. Then I would have two years of my sentence behind me instead of all of it before me."

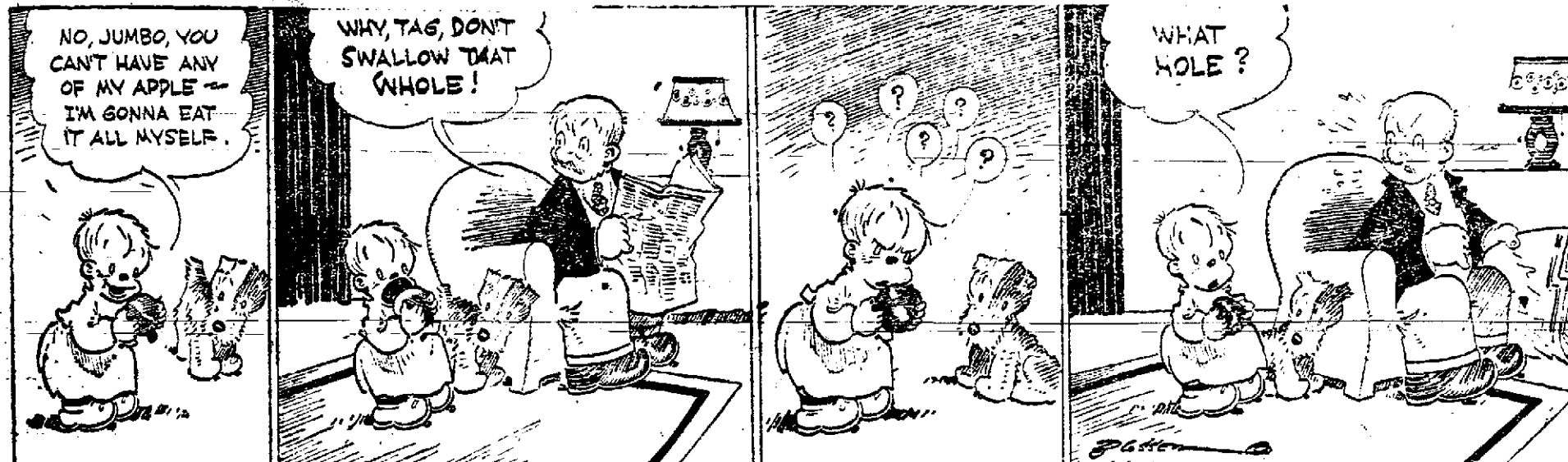
There is one telephone to every eight inhabitants in the United States.

Massachusetts has more cities supporting dental clinics than any other state.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Must be 25 years or over and a good cook. Call Mrs. Sam Clark. Phone 557. 36 Ave. A. 1-20-31

HELP WANTED—MALE
WANTED—Man or woman for sales work. Practical household necessity. Every home a prospect. Cash in on your ability. C. J. Wormer, skinner, 311 4th St. 1-23-1w

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 402 3rd St. Phone 583-M. 1-23-31

AGENTS WANTED
LARGE MANUFACTURER wants agents; sell advertised brand men's shirts direct to wearer. No capital or experience required. Free samples. Madison Mills, 585 Broadway, New York. 1-25-11

ROOMS FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Large, warm, nicely furnished rooms, suitable for two, large closets. Strictly modern home. Hot water heat. 217 5th street. Phone 999. 1-25-1w

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, hot water heat, modern home. Suitable for two young ladies. Phone 838. 810 8th street. 1-25-11

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished room for light housekeeping. Bismarck Business College. Phone 183. 1-24-1w

BOARD AND ROOM in modern house. Close in, with or without rooms. Phone 538-R. 206 Thayer St. 1-23-31

BOARDERS WANTED—Board and room or table board. Home cooking. The Dunraven. Phone 356. 212 3rd Street. 12-28 4 wks.

WORK WANTED
GENERAL HOUSEWORK WANTED—By the hour. Recommendations if necessary. Phone 430W. 1-25-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT
HOUSES AND FLATS
FOR SALE OR RENT—Strictly modern seven-room house. Inquire phone 451 or 151. 12-31-11

FOR RENT—Seven room house, modern; new furnace; \$35 per month. Inquire 404 5th St. Phone 512-J. 1-11-1w

ROOMS WANTED
WANTED TO RENT 2 or 3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Write Tribune 329. 1-25-31

MISCELLANEOUS
FINE TONED Hand-made Violins for sale cheap. Math Gunderson, Violin maker and repairer, 3403 13th St., Minneapolis, Minn. 1-25-3w

OR SALE—Columbia typewriter. Choice of one in constant use or one used scarcely a month. D. Ernest Hall, Room 18, Soo Hotel. 1-22 1w

FOR SALE—Fifty carloads of choice lignite coal at \$2.65 per ton. F. O. B. Odessa, N. D. Burt State Bank, Burt, N. D. 12-24-1w

Call for your chimney sweep. Guaranteed first-class work, absolutely clean in all your homes. Phone 18. Jaker Transfer Company. 1-24-1w

FOR SALE—Sweet cream, 30 per cent test, \$1.10 per gal. Thore Naaden, Bradlock, N. D. 1-9-4w

MARKETS
MODERATE EARLY UP TURN.
Chicago, Jan. 25.—Moderate early upturn in prices in the wheat market today were described chiefly by buying on a bear basis, based on scarcity of supply for importing countries. In other quarters too, it was contended that the reserve of wheat both in Europe and in the United States had been curtailed beyond the safety limits and stress was put on the outlook for a domestic winter crop.

Opening quotations, which varied from 1-4 to 5-8 cents higher were followed by a slight reaction and then a new upturn.

Subsequently the market here reacted a little at Liverpool. The close was unsettled 3-8 cents lower to 1-4 cent advance.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK
Chicago, Jan. 25.—Cattle receipts 12,000. Very slow; mostly 15 to 25 cents lower.
Hog receipts 25,000. Fairly active; 15 to 35 cents lower.
Sheep receipts 10,000. Early sales generally steady.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK
St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Cattle receipts 2,300. Beef steers, butcher stock, steady to weak; spots around 25 cents lower. Common to medium beef steers \$5 to \$7.75. Bulk \$5.25 to \$6.25. Best lights and handy, weight young cows and heifers \$5.50 to \$6.50. Cullers weak; mostly \$2.25 to \$3. Steers and heifers—choice and choice \$5.75 to \$6.25. Bulk \$4.75 to \$5.75. Calves 2,500. Mostly 50 cents higher. Bulk best lights \$8.50; few up to \$9.00.
Hog receipts 20,000. Fully 50 to 75 cents lower. Closing weak. Bulk

lights and butchers \$7.75 to \$8. Top \$8.97. Heavy packers mostly \$6 to \$6.25. Good pigs early \$8.75.
Sheep receipts 3,000. Opening slow, early sales about steady. Good and choice native and fed western lambs quotable \$12 to \$13.
Good and choice ewes \$6.50 to around \$7.00.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR
Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 25.—Flour unchanged to 20 cents lower. In carload lots \$7.30 to \$7.50 a barrel. Shipments 59,343 barrels. Bran \$22.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN
Minneapolis, Jan. 25.—Wheat receipts 156 cars compared with 226 cars a year ago.
Cash No. 1 northern \$1.32 to \$1.36; January \$1.25; May \$1.22; July \$1.16. Corn No. 3 yellow \$1.14 to \$1.12 1/2 cents.
Oats No. 3 white \$1.18 to \$1.15 1/2 cents.
Barley \$1.20 to \$1.15 cents.
Rye No. 2 \$1.12 to \$1.10 1/2 cents.
Flax No. 1 \$2.12 to \$2.10.

BISMARCK GRAIN.
(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, Jan. 25.
No. 1 dark northern \$1.20
No. 1 amber durum \$1.15
No. 1 mixed durum \$1.10
No. 1 red durum \$1.05
No. 1 flax \$1.10
No. 2 flax \$1.00
No. 2 durum \$1.00

DECISION OF SUPREME COURT.
From Ramsey County.
WILLIAM A. RYAN, Plaintiff and Respondent, vs. Gilbert Bremseth, Defendant and Appellant.
Syllabus.

(1) In the absence of a settled case containing the evidence, the facts found by the trial court must be accepted as true; the presumption obtains that the evidence supports the material facts alleged in the complaint and that the findings are supported by the evidence and, further, that additional matters covered by the findings and not embraced in the issues framed by the pleadings were properly determined by action of the parties at the trial.

(2) In the absence of a settled case, the supreme court may determine whether the conclusions of law are warranted by the findings of fact and may reverse or affirm the affirmatively in the judgment rendered.

(3) A complaint, challenged for the first time upon appeal as to its sufficiency, will be liberally construed, and, if any defects therein could have been remedied by amendment in the trial court, will be sustained.

(4) In the absence of a settled case, and upon the presentation of an objection for the first time in the supreme court, a complaint seeking in equity to rescind and cancel a contract for a deed, followed by a trial, and findings and judgment providing for a strict foreclosure, is not subject to the objection that it alleges a cause of action for rescission alone.

(5) In the absence of a settled case, findings of fact, conclusions of law and a judgment providing for the strict foreclosure of a contract for a deed and determining that the vendor shall retain payments made upon the contract as liquidated damages in compensation for use and occupancy, or for rental value of the land, pursuant to an express stipulation in the contract, and that the vendor shall receive one-half of the grain crop produced during the year of litigation, are not erroneous.

(6) In an equitable action for the foreclosure of a land contract it was not necessary, as a condition precedent, that a written statutory notice of intention to cancel be served.

(7) In a judgment providing for strict foreclosure of a land contract, although the trial court did not err in not granting the statutory period of redemption, nevertheless, upon equitable principle, it is held, that the vendee was entitled upon the facts as found, to a further extension of time within which to meet the defaulting "land contract" with plaintiff.

Equitable action in district court Ramsey County, Minn. J. J. Candel is affirmed.

Attorneys for Plaintiff and Respondent.
FLYNN, TRAYNOR & TRAYNOR, and ADAMSON & THOMPSON.
Attorneys for Defendant and Appellant.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE AND CITATION, HEARING OF FINAL ACCOUNT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE.
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh.
IN COUNTY COURT, Before Hon. I. C. Davies, Judge.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mahlon Chaney, Deceased.
C. B. Little, Petitioner, vs. Julia P. Chaney, John H. Robinson, Jesse C. Robinson, Charlotte H. Durr, John E. Robinson and Julia Plummer, Chaney, Respondents.

THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA TO THE ABOVE NAMED RESPONDENTS: You, the said C. B. Little, Administrator with the will annexed, are hereby notified that the final account of the Estate of Mahlon Chaney, deceased, late of the County of Burleigh, State of North Dakota, has been rendered to this Court, therein showing that the estate of said deceased is ready for final settlement and distribution, and petitioning that said estate be distributed to the persons entitled, his administration closed, and he be discharged, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Court House in the City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, has been duly appointed by this Court for the settlement thereof, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his objections, in writing to said account, and petition and contest the same.

And you, the above named respondents, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to attend to be and appear before this Court, and show cause, if any you have, why said account should not be allowed, the residue of said estate distributed, the administration closed, and he be discharged, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Court House in the City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, has been duly appointed by this Court for the settlement thereof, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his objections, in writing to said account, and petition and contest the same.

Dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1932.
By the Court, I. C. DAVIES, Judge of the County Court.
Let the foregoing be served by publication in the Bismarck Daily Tribune, once a week for 4 weeks, seven days at least in days prior to the 27th day of February, 1933.
I. C. DAVIES, Judge of the County Court.
OFFICE & RES. 1-14-15-25.

NOTICE AND CITATION, HEARING OF FINAL ACCOUNT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE.
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh.
IN COUNTY COURT, Before Hon. I. C. Davies, Judge.

In the Matter of the Estate of Josiah Chaney, Deceased.
C. B. Little, Petitioner, vs. Jesse C. Chaney, John H. Robinson, Jesse C. Robinson, Charlotte H. Durr, John E. Robinson and Julia Plummer, Chaney, Respondents.

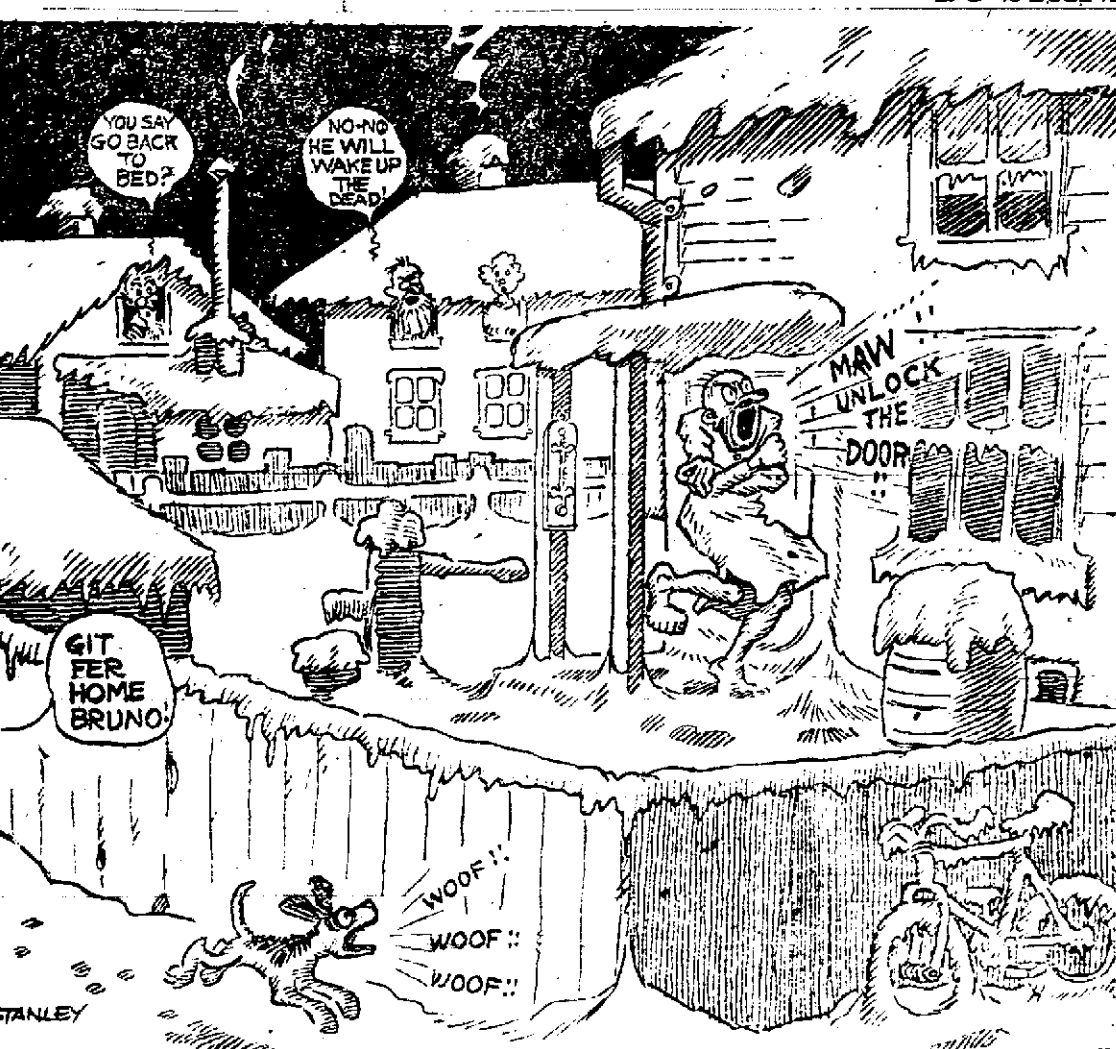
THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA TO THE ABOVE NAMED RESPONDENTS: You, the said C. B. Little, Administrator with the will annexed, are hereby notified that the final account of the Estate of Josiah Chaney, deceased, late of the County of Burleigh, State of North Dakota, has been rendered to this Court, therein showing that the estate of said deceased is ready for final settlement and distribution, and petitioning that said estate be distributed to the persons entitled, his administration closed, and he be discharged, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Court House in the City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, has been duly appointed by this Court for the settlement thereof, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his objections, in writing to said account, and petition and contest the same.

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I. C. DAVIES, Judge of the County Court.
OFFICE & RES. 1-14-15-25.

R. S. ENGE, D. C. P. H. C. (Chiropractor)
Consultation Free
Suite 9, 11—Lucas Block—Phone 263

THE OLD HOME TOWN



OLD MAN BENDER STEPPED OUT TO SEE THE THERMOMETER—FORGETTING THERE WAS A SPRING LOCK ON THE DOOR.

BY STANLEY

STANLEY

YOU SAY GO BACK TO BED?
NO-NO HE WILL WAKE UP THE DEAD!
GIVE FER HOME BRUNO!
WOOF!
WOOF!
WOOF!

STANLEY

STANLEY

MAY BREAK YOUNG'S RECORD OF 23 YEARS IN GAME



BY BILLY EVANS

Cy Young had pitched 23 years when he retired from the major leagues. Young's career is a record for service as a ball player. It has never been seriously threatened. A contender for the honors held by Young looms up in the person of Pitcher Jack Quinn of the Boston Red Sox. Quinn, it will be remembered, figured in the recent deal between New York and Boston, which sent him to the Red Sox, and brought Pitchers Jones and Bush as well as Shortstop Scott to New York. When Quinn reports to the Red Sox next year he will be starting on his 20th year of professional baseball. That would make him appear old in the point of years, yet he is only 36 years of age. Quinn made his professional debut with Connellsville of the Pennsylvania State League in 1903. He remained with that team through the season of 1906. The following year he was with Macon in the South Atlantic League. In 1908 he was with Richmond in the Virginia League. Then, through the medium of the draft he was secured by the New York American League club. As a big leaguer Quinn met with varying success. He managed to stay in the big show until the fall of 1912, when he was sent to the Rochester club of the International League. Federal League Signs Him. His good showing in 1913 with Rochester, when he won 19 victories,

caused him to be grabbed off by the Federal League in its quest for players. He labored for two years at Baltimore in the outlaw organization. When the peace pact was put over he was sent to Vernon in the Pacific Coast League. He stayed there for the seasons of 1916, 1917 and part of 1918. When the coast league closed because of the war, Quinn finished the season with the Chicago White Sox. The New York American League club claimed the right to his services under the peace pact. The national commission awarded him to the Yankees. He reported to the New York club in 1919 and has been with the Yankees ever since. Next year he will wear a Red Sox uniform. Quinn has an excellent chance to better the record of Cy Young. He has still enough stuff to get by in the majors for a couple of years, and ought to be able to fool them in the minors for that length of time. Jack Quinn has an excellent curve ball, despite the fact that he has never made much use of it. His curve ball is good enough to fool a lot of them. In the effort to break the record held by Young the Yankee pitcher is being given a tussle by Babe Adams of Pittsburgh. Adams started at Parsons, in the Missouri Valley League, just a year later than Quinn, and will be starting his 19th year in the spring when he reports to the Pirates. Other pitchers who have seen long service are Red Ames, with 19 years to his credit, and Eddie Plank with 18.

ALTROCK TELLS OF GAMES FUNNIEST PLAY

BY NICK ALTROCK.

I have seen so many funny things on the ball field that it is hard for me to pick out the worst bit of foolishness. Usually when something funny happens on the ball field, a bone-headed play is the basis for it. That was the situation in the funniest stunt I ever saw pulled. However, I didn't dare laugh about it until the game was over. It was a near-tragedy for Clarke Griffith, who was then managing the team. At the time he was ready to murder the umpire in charge. It was staged in Chicago. Washington was playing Cleveland. White Sox and the score was close. It looked as if the ball game would be decided by a one-run margin, as both pitchers were working smoothly. With two men out, Frank Ellerbe, new with St. Louis but who was playing shortstop for us then, reached second base. With Eddie Garrity, one of our best batters, up it looked as if we had a chance for a run. Garrity came through with a long drive to left field that cleared the bleacher screen. It was a real home run if there ever was one. Ellerbe, off with the crack of the bat had rounded third as the ball sailed into the bleachers. The crowd loudly cheered the wall-top as it cleared the screen. Ellerbe, running with his head either down or up, decided the left fielder had caught

the ball and the cheers were for his great play. As Ellerbe rounded third and was half way to the plate, he suddenly turned, and raced to his position at short, passing Garrity on the base lines. The umpire ruled Garrity out for passing a base runner. It was a very technical decision, but it went, despite about 10 minutes of protesting on the part of Griffith. Garrity was credited with only a two-base hit. We won the game 5 to 4, I believe, so had plenty of laughs over it that evening. However, it never was funny to Eddie Garrity.

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LEO FLYNN IS MASTER MIND FOR TEX RICKARD



BY ROY GROVE

Busted noses, cauliflower ears, wise managers, Leo P. Flynn, in short that's it—Madison Square Garden. Every Friday night Tex Rickard holds a bargain sale of fights at the garden in New York. Tex Rickard is the guy who breaks into the headlines, but Leo P. Flynn is the master mind in arranging the bouts. Flynn is the power invisible. You don't hear much about him in comparison with Rickard. He's the buffer between the fighter and Tex.

However, if you want to get action at the garden, Flynn is the "gink" who supplies it. If you seek an audience with Rickard, you generally get Flynn. Rickard is seldom around. Flynn is always on the job. Prior to the staging of the Friday night all is confusion. Flynn is the most sought after man in the world. Wise managers and pugns are continually on his heels for bouts. They motion him aside to dark corners and private conferences. They whisper strange things in his ear. They nod and wink after the fashion

of a wise guy. They slip him bits of scribbled paper, notes, tips, inside stuff. Such is the life of Leo. The pugns and managers are herded in a big room like so many cattle. They admit them in bunches. There is usually a group on the street storming the door, a gang in his outer office, and a mess in his own office, where the cross-examination is carried on. The athletes stand around while their trainers puff huge clouds of smoke into their faces, telling them at the same time how to breathe properly and train for this and that fighter.

Swall dressers, champions, prelims, and the down and out, stand and chat. A big husky fellow stands with his back to us. He is the Beau Brummel. Two-quart hat, wonderful overcoat, patent-leather pumps, cane and a marvelous physique. He slowly turns around, and what a picture. A rare design in cauliflower ears, a nose flat against his face and a brow that almost covers his eyes. But he is amateur, champion or has-been, it's always Leo—The Duke of Madison Square Garden, he must see and convince.

EX-PUG AT HARVARD!

Came by Box-Car, But "The Kid" Needs Degree! Here's Why!

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 25.—Love carried Frederick R. "Kid" Wedge over all the obstacles and stumbling blocks which stand between the Arizona prize ring and scholastic achievement. "Kid" Wedge, through love, climbed miraculously from the admitted estate of the "toughest-rough-neck-in-Arizona" to that of a scholar, the holder of a degree of A. B. and a candidate for a degree of Ph. D. at Harvard University. "Kid" Wedge, former Arizona prize fighter and Wisconsin lumberjack, rode into town on the brake-beams the other day, beat the dust out of his trousers and overcoat and politely inquired the direction to Harvard University. The staid old gentlemen of letters at the Harvard Graduate School of Education rubbed their eyes when the "kid" entered and declared his intention to take a course in psychology with the view to acquiring a degree of Ph. D. The "kid" looked anything but an intellectual and they regarded him sympathetically. For the "kid" has the physiognomy of the lumber camp and the prize ring. It took considerable explaining before the old gentleman grasped the situation. "Kid" Wedge was born and reared in the lumber region of Wisconsin. His father died when he was a baby. He has fought his own way in the world since he was five. When he was 20, he left the woods and entered the prize ring in Wisconsin. He fought 70 fights and lost but three of them. Then came the great event and the turning point of his life. He met the woman who later was to become his wife. She was a doctor's daughter and a university graduate. The "kid" found in her inspiration. She taught him the difference in the brute force of the woods and the intellectual force of the brain. The "kid" from that moment began an upward climb that has not ended yet, though he is a candidate for a degree of Ph. D. At 26 he entered a preparatory school, and in six years he completed 12 ordinary years of elementary education. Then he entered the University of Nebraska but quit in his junior year to take up educational work. He was a boxing instructor in the army dur-



"KID" WEDGE

ing the war, but that work was cut short when he was pronounced incurable tuberculosis patient. He was given six months to live. But the "kid" is not the quitting kind. So he took his wife and son to El Paso where he fought the hardest fight of his life—the fight against death. He won. Then he went to Arizona where he completed his education and received his degree of A. B. After that he became principal of the Benson, Arizona, high school where he remained until he resigned to come east to study at Harvard. He started east on the day after New Years with \$10 in his pocket. He rode in an impromptu fashion in the "side-door Pullmans" and arrived in Boston with 38 cents. "There is no excuse for the poorest boy in the United States going without an education," says Wedge. The "kid" will take up educational work at the completion of his course.

WANTS CHANCE IN MAJORS

Jack Bentley, star of the Baltimore team of the International League, has tired of a minor league berth. Bentley, who is the Babe Ruth and then some of the minors, wants to get a chance to show his talent in the big leagues. It is understood that he has delivered an ultimatum to Jack Dunn, owner and manager of the Baltimore club, that he is through with the "bushes." At the recent meeting of the major leagues in New York, Dunn was reported as refusing an offer of \$50,000 for Bentley's services. Knowing that he is in such demand, Bentley has informed Dunn that he has played in the minors long enough. Dunn, who has refused to sell any of his stars to the major leagues, may refuse to consider the proposition. If he does, Bentley in all probability will take his case to Judge Landis, who is a staunch supporter of the proposition that no player shall be hindered in his desire to advance. Bentley unquestionably would star in either the American or National League. He is a player of the George Sieler type. A left-hander, who, aside from being a great pitcher, is a fine first baseman. Here is what Bentley did in the International last year: He led the league in hitting with an average of



JACK BENTLEY.

.412, and also led in home runs with 24. He also led the league in pitching with 11 victories and one defeat.

West Palm Beach Course Will Interest Golfers

Golfers who intend to pay Florida a visit this winter will be interested to know that a fine new course has just been completed at West Palm Beach. The course is 6252 yards in length. It is located on the banks of the Lake Worth Okeechobee Canal, on the highway connecting West Palm Beach with the west coast and Tampa, by way of Lake Okeechobee and the Everglades. The course is five miles from West Palm Beach, six miles from Palm Beach and 12 miles from Lake Worth. The holes are remarkably balanced as to length and there are no two holes in the 18 exactly similar in character. Both the first and tenth greens are at the clubhouse, affording two starting points, thereby reducing congestion to a minimum. The course is a loan which carries the territory in that section of Florida, is very easy to handle. Massive ranges of hills have been constructed in lieu of bunkers. It should prove a very popular course with those who desire to golf during the winter months.

To Honor General Ward. Americans in China will make pilgrimages to the grave of Gen. Frederick Ward, the American, on Memorial day hereafter, the custom being instituted this year by the American Legion post of Shanghai. While the Civil war was being fought in America, General Ward, under commission of the Chinese government, organized what afterwards was known to the Chinese as the "Ever Victorious Army" and suppressed the great Taiping rebellion. While directing his attack on the town of Tsz Ki, the American, formerly an officer on a Chinese gunboat, was killed at the head of his troops. The Chinese erected a monument to him at Sinsiang, where he fell.

Just at present no third baseman is being exploited more than Joe Dugan of the Athletics. All the major league clubs are bidding for his services. Dugan came from Holy Cross to the majors and made good from the very start. Jack Barry hailed from the same college.

Billy Evans Says

Funny things happen in baseball. It is always safest to take nothing for granted.

In a series at Boston last year between the Red Sox and Athletics, I saw two unusual happenings that changed the entire complexion of the game in which they occurred.

Both were entirely unexpected. One of them, a freak home run, won a game for the Athletics. Another drive that ordinarily would be good for a home run, and turned out to be nothing more than a single, saved a game for the Red Sox.

At the Boston park the scoreboard occupies a big section of the left field fence near the foul line. The figures used on the board are perhaps 10 inches square. Since all the American League games, as well as the Boston National League game, are reported, there are probably 100 spaces on the board.

It is customary for the boy who is erasing the board to remove one of the figures in the section allotted for extra innings, so he can view the game through the opening thus created.

Just before Moore came to bat in the eighth or ninth inning, the boy, getting interested, shifted his viewpoint from the lower section of the board to a spot near the top.

Moore obliged by hitting the ball through the opening for a home run. Had it simply struck the scoreboard it would have bounded back on the field and Moore would have been held to a single.

That bit of Moore's won the ball game. It was a fluke home run if there ever was one.

A drive over the left field fence at the Boston park is worthy of a home run. The fence is about three or four times as high as the ordinary barrier, because of the shortness of left field. In deep left center there is a big clock used for advertising purposes that extends high above the fence, perhaps six feet.

Welsh, playing center field for the Athletics, is a great "kicker." He had been joshing a number of the Boston players throughout the game, and they had been returning the compliment. Late in the game Welsh hit a terrific drive to left center. It was labeled a home run from the very start.

Welsh was positive it would clear the fence. He jogged down to first base where he said pleasant things to the players on the Boston bench. When he reached first he even stopped and passed the time of day. Then the unexpected happened.

The ball struck the top of the clock, bounded high in the air and came down into playing territory. Had Welsh ran out the hit he would have gotten two, probably three bases. Instead he only reached first.

Cennie Mack spoiled a new suit on that hit. He slid from one end of the bench to the other.

Boston is figuring on using Joe Dugan, acquired from the Athletics, at short stop.

Manager Duffy of the Red Sox figures he has a mighty good infield with Foster at third, Dugan at short, Pratt at second and George Burns at first.

On paper it is a mighty good looking infield. Shortstop, however, is the questionable position.

Joe Dugan is a great third baseman. He has a brighter future than any other recruit infielder in the American League.

Dugan likes to play third base. That fact, coupled with his remarkable ability, has made him the most talked about youngster in the American League.

Joe Dugan doesn't like to play shortstop. Cennie Mack has needed a shortstop ever since the departure of Jack Barry. Mack tried his very best to develop Dugan into a shortstop.

At times the youngster gave flashes of his remarkable ability as an infielder. However, Joe never liked the position. He has often remarked to me when I was umpiring on the bases: "I am a third baseman, not a shortstop. A fellow has too many things to do at this position to suit me."

Joe is rather temperamental. If he doesn't like a thing well, he doesn't like it. Joe is a willing young man. If Hughey Duffy decides to use him at short, he will give him his very best. However, it will be spoiling a great third baseman for an ordinary shortstop.

If Joe should acceptably fill the bill at short, Duffy will have a mighty good infield. It is an infield that combines a pretty good defense with much offensive power.

However, Duffy is protected, should he decide that Joe Dugan should be played at third rather than short. He has Frank O'Rourke, secured from Washington, to fall back on.

O'Rourke is a mighty intelligent ball player. If nature had only endowed him with a stronger throwing arm, he would easily win a berth as a big league regular. A rather weak arm has held him back.

The quickness with which he gets the ball away helps his weak arm considerably. Only on double plays requiring a speedy throw he is greatly handicapped. He is a mighty good ball player to have around, and Duffy is sure to find him very useful.

LEGION MEMBERS

Regular meeting 8 p. m. sharp, tonight. Important business and talk.